1. Record Nr. UNINA9910851990403321 Autore Li Jingjing Titolo Unsupervised Domain Adaptation: Recent Advances and Future Perspectives / / by Jingjing Li, Lei Zhu, Zhekai Du Singapore:,: Springer Nature Singapore:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2024 Pubbl/distr/stampa 981-9710-25-1 **ISBN** Edizione [1st ed. 2024.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (XVI, 223 p. 78 illus., 44 illus. in color.) Collana Machine Learning: Foundations, Methodologies, and Applications, 2730-9916 006.31 Disciplina Soggetti Machine learning Artificial intelligence - Data processing Data mining Distribution (Probability theory) Machine Learning Data Science Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery **Distribution Theory** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Chapter 1. Introduction to Domain Adaptation -- Chapter 2. Nota di contenuto Unsupervised Domain Adaptation Techniques -- Chapter 3. Criterion Optimization-Based Unsupervised Domain -- Chapter 4. Bi-Classifier Adversarial Learning-Based Unsupervised Domain -- Chapter 5. Source-Free Unsupervised Domain Adaptation -- Chapter 6. Active Learning for Unsupervised Domain Adaptation -- Chapter 7. Continual Test-Time Unsupervised Domain Adaptation -- Chapter 8. Applications -- Chapter 9. Research Frontier. Sommario/riassunto Unsupervised domain adaptation (UDA) is a challenging problem in machine learning where the model is trained on a source domain with labeled data and tested on a target domain with unlabeled data. In recent years, UDA has received significant attention from the research community due to its applicability in various real-world scenarios. This

book provides a comprehensive review of state-of-the-art UDA

methods and explores new variants of UDA that have the potential to

advance the field. The book begins with a clear introduction to the UDA problem and is mainly organized into four technical sections, each focused on a specific piece of UDA research. The first section covers criterion optimization-based UDA, which aims to learn domaininvariant representations by minimizing the discrepancy between source and target domains. The second section discusses bi-classifier adversarial learning-based UDA, which creatively leverages adversarial learning by conducting a minimax game between the feature extractor and two task classifiers. The third section introduces source-free UDA, a novel UDA setting that does not require any raw data from the source domain. The fourth section presents active learning for UDA, which combines domain adaptation and active learning to reduce the amount of labeled data needed for adaptation. This book is suitable for researchers, graduate students, and practitioners who are interested in UDA and its applications in various fields, primarily in computer vision. The chapters are authored by leading experts in the field and provide a comprehensive and in-depth analysis of the current UDA methods and new directions for future research. With its broad coverage and cuttingedge research, this book is a valuable resource for anyone looking to advance their knowledge of UDA.