

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910851982703321
Autore	Peng Nian
Titolo	The Reality and Myth of BRI's Debt Trap : Evidences from Asia and Africa / / edited by Nian Peng, Ming Yu Cheng
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : Springer Nature Singapore : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2024
ISBN	9789819710560 9819710561
Edizione	[1st ed. 2024.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (233 pages)
Collana	Indo-Pacific Focus, , 2731-8877
Disciplina	336.3435
Soggetti	International economic relations Asia - Politics and government International relations Asia - Economic conditions International Political Economy' Asian Politics International Relations Asian Economics
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Introduction -- Misunderstandings on BRI's Debt Trap -- India and BRI's Debt Trap -- Debt Issue/Debt Management and BRI in Myanmar -- Debt Issue/Debt Management and BRI in Cambodia -- Debt Issue/Debt Management and BRI in Laos -- From Aquino to Duterte: Examining the Reality and Myth of the "Debt Trap" in the Philippines.
Sommario/riassunto	This edited book aims to present a well-balanced view on the heated debate about BRI's "debt trap" controversy within the route states by presenting compelling evidence from Asian and African countries. It is contributed by the university scholars, think tank experts, and governmental officials from the concerned parties such as China, USA, South/Southeast Asia, and Africa to discuss this new topic from their perspectives. It not only examines the origins and changes in external debt among the BRI route states before and after the launch of the BRI, but also analyzes the outcomes stemming from BRI projects. The book covers 12 chapters, in which the first chapter briefly introduces the

aims and scope of this book. The following 2 chapters look at Chinese and Indian perspectives on the “debt trap”, respectively. The next 9 chapters examine the debt issue and BRI projects in Southeast Asian, South Asian, and African states, which mainly involve Myanmar, Cambodia, Laos, the Philippines, Malaysia, Indonesia, Bangladesh, Nepal, and Nigeria, and give some useful policy suggestions to reduce the debt burden and promote the socioeconomic development in these countries.
