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| 1. Record Nr. | UNINA9910841275203321 |
| Titolo | Transcription factors [[electronic resource]] : normal and malignant development of blood cells // edited by Katya Ravid, Jonathan Licht |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | New York, : Wiley-Liss, c2001 |
| ISBN | 1-280-36661-3 9786610366613 0-470-34865-8 0-471-46106-7 0-471-22388-3 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (642 p.) |
| Altri autori (Persone) | RavidKatya LichtJonathan D |
| Disciplina | 612.1/1 616.15 |
| Soggetti | Hematopoiesis Genetic regulation Leukemia - Genetic aspects Transcription factors Genetic transcription |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Includes bibliographical references and index. Includes index. |
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13 The Role of PU.1 in B-Lymphocyte Development and Function
14 The Role of Pax5 (BSAP) in Early and Late B-Cell Development; 15 Janus Kinases and STAT Family Transcription Factors: Their Role in the Function and Development of Lymphoid Cells; 16 E2A and the Development of B and T Lymphocytes; 17 The Role of BCL-6 in Normal Lymphoid System and non-Hodgkin's Lymphomas; 18 The Role of Octamer Factors and Their Coactivators in the Lymphoid System; 19 The Role of Early B-Cell Factor in B-Lymphocyte Development; IV. TRANSCRIPTION FACTORS INVOLVED IN LEUKEMIAS DUE TO CHROMOSOMAL TRANSLOCATION
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The role of transcription factors in activating specific genes in blood cells is an important facet of hematopoiesis. Equally important, however, is the pursuit of genes rearranged and aberrantly activated in leukemias (blood malignancies). Transcription Factors: Normal and Malignant Development of Blood Cells focuses on those major transcription factors involved in activation of lineage-specific gene expression during normal versus malignant development of specific blood lineages, as revealed from gene promoter studies, knockout of transcription factors in mice models, and the
