

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910831063703321
Autore	Prasher Vee
Titolo	Physical Health of Adults with Intellectual Disabilities [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Hoboken, : Wiley, 2008
ISBN	1-280-74317-4 9786610743179 0-470-79443-7 0-470-77621-8 1-4051-7301-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (306 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	JanickiMatthew
Disciplina	613.0874
Soggetti	Persons with Mental Disabilities Health Promotion Health Status
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di contenuto	Physical Health of Adults with Intellectual Disabilities; Contents; Contributors; Series Foreword; Foreword; Preface; 1 Epidemiological Issues; Introduction; Definition of intellectual disability (mental retardation); Age-specific prevalence of intellectual disability; Risk factors for ill-health; Prevalence of health problems; Age distribution of health problems; Sex distribution of health problems; Distribution of health problems according to level of intelligence; Mortality; Morbidity; Individual health problems; Conclusion; References; 2 Assessing Physical Health; Introduction History takingReview of systems; Physical examination; Investigations; Conclusion; References; 3 Physical Health and Clinical Phenotypes; Introduction; Life expectancy; Morbidity and mortality; Chronic physical deteriorating conditions; Major specific disorders; Mucopolysaccharidoses (MPS); Sex chromosome aneuploidies; Other aneuploidies; Conclusion; References; 4 Cerebral Palsy; Introduction; Epidemiology; Etiology; History; Clinical issues; Diet and nutrition; The physical examination; Diagnosis; Conclusion; References; 5 Visual

Impairment; Introduction; Definitions of visual impairment
Prevalence of visual impairment Errors of refraction; Medical causes of
visual impairment; Cerebral visual impairment; Ocular disorders in
adults with Down syndrome; Cost of treatment; Coping; Prevention;
Conclusion; References; 6 Hearing Impairment; Introduction; Prevalence
of hearing loss; Tests of hearing; Causes of hearing impairment in
people with intellectual disabilities; Management of hearing loss;
Conclusion; References; 7 Epilepsy; Introduction; What is epilepsy?;
Definitions and classification; Types of seizures and syndromes seen in
people with intellectual disabilities
Status epilepticus Epidemiology; Diagnosis and differential diagnosis;
Behavioral consequences; The special issue of Down syndrome;
Management; When to start drug treatment; Choice of anti-epileptic
drugs; General principles of using anti-epileptic drugs in people with
intellectual disabilities; Conclusion; References; 8 Endocrinological
Issues; Introduction; Clinical issues; Lifelong care and appropriate
stepping (mile) stones; Risk factors for endocrine problems; Endocrine
and related disorders; Screening; Therapeutic approaches
Access to health care in the usual paradigm of health care
delivery Conclusion; References; 9 Dentition and Oral Health;
Introduction; Epidemiology; Intellectual disabilities and edentulism;
Nutrition and dentures; Common oral diseases in adults with
intellectual disabilities; Oral infectious diseases; Oral facial tumors;
Benign tumors; Premalignant lesions; Malignant lesions; Other oral
problems; Interrelationships between oral diseases and systemic
diseases; Coordination of oral care; Conclusion; References; 10
Nutrition and Physical Health; Introduction; Role of nutrition in health
Food, health and culture

Sommario/riassunto

This book is the second in a series with the International Association for the Scientific Study of Intellectual Disabilities (Series Editor: Matthew P. Janicki). These publications are designed to address the issues of health, adult development and aging among persons with intellectual disabilities. Physical health considerations of persons with an intellectual disability are attracting attention within the contexts of human rights, public health, and health promotion. Research has shown that the prevalence of certain conditions and diseases is much higher in adults with an intellectual
