

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910830955503321
Titolo	Highly efficient OLEDs with phosphorescent materials // edited by Hartmut Yersin
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Weinheim, [Germany] : , : Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, , 2008 ©2008
ISBN	1-282-78424-2 9786612784248 3-527-62130-X 3-527-62131-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (458 p.)
Disciplina	621.381522
Soggetti	Light emitting diodes Polymers - Electric properties
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and index.
Nota di contenuto	Highly Efficient OLEDs with Phosphorescent Materials; Contents; Preface; List of Contributors; 1 Triplet Emitters for Organic Light-Emitting Diodes: Basic Properties; 1.1 Introduction; 1.2 Electro-Luminescence and the Population of Excited States; 1.2.1 Multilayer Design of an OLED; 1.2.2 Electron-Hole Recombination, Relaxation Paths, and Light Emission; 1.3 Electronic Excitations and Excited States; 1.3.1 Ligand-Centered (LC) Transitions: States and Splittings; 1.3.2 Metal-Centered Transitions and States 1.3.3 Metal-to-Ligand Charge Transfer/Ligand-Centered Transitions: States in Organo-Transition Metal Triplet Emitters 1.3.3.1 Introductory MO Model and Energy States; 1.3.3.2 Extended MO Model and Energy States; 1.3.3.3 Spin-Orbit Coupling, Triplet Substates, Zero-Field Splitting, and Radiative Decay Rates; 1.4 Zero-Field Splitting (ZFS) of the Emitting Triplet, Photophysical Trends, and Ordering Scheme for Organo-Transition Metal Compounds; 1.4.1 Ordering Scheme; 1.4.2 Photophysical Properties and ZFS; 1.4.2.1 Singlet-Triplet Splitting; 1.4.2.2 Intersystem Crossing Rates

1.4.2.3 Emission Decay Time and Photoluminescence Quantum Yield
1.4.2.4 Zero-Field Splitting - Summarizing Remarks; 1.4.2.5 Emission Band Structures and Vibrational Satellites; 1.4.2.6 Localization/Delocalization and Geometry Changes in the Excited Triplet State; 1.5 Characterization of the Lowest Triplet State Based on High-Resolution Spectroscopy: Application to Pt(thpy)(2); 1.5.1 Highly Resolved Electronic Transitions; 1.5.2 Symmetry and Grouptheoretical Considerations; 1.6 Characterization of the Lowest Triplet State Based on Decay Time Measurements: Application to Ir(ppy)(3)
1.7 Phosphorescence Dynamics and Spin-Lattice Relaxation: Background and Case Study Applied to Pt(thpy)(2)
1.7.1 Processes of Spin-Lattice Relaxation; 1.7.1.1 The Direct Process; 1.7.1.2 The Orbach Process; 1.7.1.3 The Raman Process; 1.7.2 Population and Decay Dynamics of the Triplet Substates of Pt(thpy)(2); 1.8 The Triplet State Under Application of High Magnetic Fields: Properties of Ir(btp)(2)(acac); 1.9 Vibrational Satellite Structures: Case Studies Applied to Pt(thpy)(2) and Ir(btp)(2)(acac); 1.9.1 Vibrational Satellites: Background; 1.9.1.1 Franck-Condon Activity
1.9.1.2 Herzberg-Teller Activity
1.9.2 Pt(thpy)(2) Emission: Temperature- and Time-Dependence of the Vibrational Satellite Structure; 1.9.2.1 Herzberg-Teller-Induced Emission from Substate I: The 1.3 K Spectrum; 1.9.2.2 Franck-Condon Activity in the Emissions from Substates II and III: The 20 K Spectrum; 1.9.2.3 Time-Resolved Emission and Franck-Condon/Herzberg-Teller Activities; 1.9.3 Ir(btp)2(acac) Emission: Low-Temperature Vibrational Satellite Structure; 1.10 Environmental Effects on Triplet State Properties: Case Studies Applied to Ir(btp)(2)(acac); 1.10.1 Energy Distribution of Sites
1.10.2 Zero-Field Splittings at Different Sites

Sommario/riassunto

This brand-new monograph on organic light emitting diodes, edited by a pioneer, and written by front-line researchers from academia and industry, provides access to the latest findings in this rapidly growing field. More than ten contributions cover all areas -- from theory and basic principles, to different emitter materials and applications in production.
