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| | Nota di contenuto | Cover; Title Page; Contents; Foreword; Preface; Acknowledgments; Chapter 1 A Collection of Basic Concepts; 1.1 Nucleophiles and Electrophiles: The SN2 Paradigm; 1.2 What Makes for a Good Nucleophile?; 1.3 Hard and Soft Acids and Bases: The HSAB Principle; 1.4 pKa Values: What Makes for a Good Leaving Group?; 1.5 Redox Potentials; 1.6 Thermodynamic Control: Bond Dissociation Energies (BDEs); 1.7 Bimolecular \beta-Elimination (E2); 1.8 Proton Transfers (PTs); 1.9 Elementary Associative and Dissociative Processes (A and D); 1.10 Two-Step Ionic Mechanisms: The SN2-Si Pathway 1.11 Two-Step Ionic Mechanisms: The SN1 and E1 Pathways1.12 Electrophilic Addition to Carbon-Carbon Multiple Bonds; 1.13 Electrophilic Substitution on Aromatics: Addition-Elimination; 1.14 Nucleophilic Addition to Carbon-Heteroatom Multiple Bonds; 1.15 Carbanions and Related Synthetic Intermediates; 1.16 Carbenes; 1.17 Oxidative Additions and Reductive Eliminations; 1.18 Migrations; 1.19 Ligand Exchange Reactions; 1.20 Radical Reactions; 1.21 Pericyclic Reactions; 1.22 Arrow Pushing: Organic Paradigms; 1.23 Inorganic Arrow Pushing: Thinking Like a Lone Pair 1.24 Definitions: Valence, Oxidation State, Formal Charge, and |

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| Sommario/riassunto | Involved as it is with 95% of the periodic table, inorganic chemistry is one of the foundational subjects of scientific study. Inorganic catalysts are used in crucial industrial processes and the field, to a significant extent, also forms the basis of nanotechnology. Unfortunately, the subject is not a popular one for undergraduates. This book aims to take a step to change this state of affairs by presenting a mechanistic, logical introduction to the subject. Organic teaching places heavy emphasis on reaction mechanisms - ""arrow-pushing"" - and the authors of this book have found that a mec |