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Reactions; 3.7 Radical Reactions in Collisions; 4 Isotope Separation by Single-Photon Isotope-Selective Excitation of Atom; 4.1 Description of the Method; 4.2 Mathematical Model of the Method; 4.3 Calculation Results on Isotope-Selective Excitation of Zinc Atoms; 4.3.1 Transversal Gas Circulation; 4.3.2 Longitudinal Gas Circulation; 4.4 Output Parameters Versus the Detuning of Radiation Frequency; 4.5 Influence of the Radiation Line Profile on Output Characteristics of the Separation Process
4.6 Experiments on Laser Separation of Zn Isotopes by the Photochemical Method
4.7 Experiments on Laser Separation of Rubidium Isotopes by the Photochemical Method; 5 Coherent Isotope-Selective Two-Photon Excitation of Atoms; 5.1 Brief Description of Two-Photon Excitation and the Mathematical Model; 5.2 Two-Photon Excitation of Lead Atoms; 5.3 Two-Photon Excitation of Boron and Silica Atoms; 5.4 Photochemical Separation of Zinc Isotopes by Means of the Two-Photon Excitation; 5.4.1 Description of the Method; 5.4.2 Polarization of Radiation; 5.4.3 Mathematical Model of Cascade Superluminescence
5.4.4 Calculation Results
5.4.5 Experimental Results; 5.5 Zinc Isotope Separation by Evaporating Material from Chamber Walls; 5.5.1 Problem Statement; 5.5.2 Physical Analysis; 5.5.3 Calculation Results and Their Analysis; 5.5.4 Influence of Diffusion Processes on the Selectivity of Isotope Separation; 6 Prospects for Industrial Isotope Production by Methods of Laser Isotope Separation; 6.1 Microelectronics and Optoelectronics; 6.2 Nuclear Fuel Cycle; 6.3 Medicine and Biology; 7 Appendix A: Mathematical Description of the Processes Based on Kinetic Equations
8 Appendix B: Operation Features of Copper-Vapor Laser Complexes

Sommario/riassunto

Written by leading Russian scientists, including Nobel laureate, A.M. Prokhorov (1916-2002), this first book on this important technology allows an understanding of the physics of atomic vapor laser isotope separation and new photochemical methods of laser isotope separation. One entire chapter is devoted to chemical reactions of atoms in excited states, while further chapters deal with the separation of isotopes by one photon isotope-selective and coherent isotope-selective two photon excitation of atoms. A final chapter looks at the prospects for the industrial production of isotope prod
