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| 1. Record Nr. | UNIORUON00329505 |
| Autore | CUMMINGS, Edward Estlin |
| Titolo | The enormous room / E. E. Cummings |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Harmondsworth, : Penguin Books, 1971 |
| Descrizione fisica | 269 p. ; 18 cm. |
| Disciplina | 811.5 |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910830072503321 |
| Autore | Edwards Brooks S |
| Titolo | Pathology of sudden cardiac death [[electronic resource]] : an illustrated guide // Brooks S. Edwards, Jesse E. Edwards |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Malden, Mass., : Blackwell Futura, 2006 |
| ISBN | 1-280-74798-6
9786610747986
0-470-98485-6
0-470-98848-7
1-4051-7297-5 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (262 p.) |
| Altri autori (Persone) | EdwardsJesse E |
| Disciplina | 616.1207
616.12307 |
| Soggetti | Cardiac arrest - Pathophysiology |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Description based upon print version of record. |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references 235-240) and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | Atherosclerotic coronary disease -- Nonatherosclerotic coronary disease -- Myocardial disease -- Diseases of the conduction system -- Systemic hypertension -- Valvular heart disease -- Metabolic and |

infiltrative disorders -- Tumors and blood dyscrasias -- Great vessels and related structures -- Diseases of the pericardium -- Multi-organ system diseases.

Sommario/riassunto

Pathology of Sudden Cardiac Death provides a comprehensive review of cardiovascular disorders. While sudden cardiac death could primarily be seen as an arrhythmogenic event, this actually represents the minority of cases. For the vast majority, there is an underlying anatomic disorder of the cardiovascular system responsible for the ultimate hemodynamic collapse known as sudden cardiac death. Although an increasing array of non-invasive diagnostic tools continue to develop, many physicians and operators of these new diagnostic modalities have never actually seen specimens
