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Autore	Evans Jocelyn
Titolo	The 2017 French Presidential Elections : A Political Reformation? / / by Jocelyn Evans, Gilles Ivaldi
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Palgrave Macmillan, , 2018
ISBN	9783319683270 3319683276
Edizione	[1st ed. 2018.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XVI, 282 p. 53 illus.)
Collana	French Politics, Society and Culture, , 2946-3769
Disciplina	320.944
Soggetti	Europe - Politics and government Elections Political leadership World politics European Politics Electoral Politics Political Leadership Political History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and index.
Nota di contenuto	Chapter 1 Introduction -- Chapter 2 The 2017 presidential election: continuity and change -- Chapter 3 The presidential primaries and polarization of mainstream party politics -- Chapter 4 Party strategy and cooperation -- Chapter 5 Campaign events and political change -- Chapter 6 Forecasting and polling -- Chapter 7 Parties and voters in the policy space of the first round -- Chapter 8 Challenges to the blocked polity in the ballottage -- Chapter 9 The 2017 Legislative elections: manufacturing a majority -- Chapter 10 Conclusion.
Sommario/riassunto	Emmanuel Macron's victory in the 2017 presidential elections represents one of the most important disruptions to French political life since the establishment of the Fifth Republic. This book analyses the political opportunities enabling a neophyte to conquer the Elysée, and the conditions leading to the unprecedented presidential runoff

between this centrist EU enthusiast and pro-globalization candidate and the nationalistic/populist alternative embodied by Marine Le Pen. The book begins by considering trends in party competition and presidentialism in modern France, notably presidential primaries and their impact on party competition. It then moves to considering the role traditional explanatory factors in elections, namely policies and voter profiles, played in the result. Finally, it examines the dynamics of President Macron's success in the legislatives, and how he dominated the traditional party blocs. This book will appeal to students of French politics as well as those interested in electoral behaviour and European political systems.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910829588203321
Autore	Mager Anne Kelk
Titolo	House of Tshatshu
Pubbl/distr/stampa	UCT Press, 2018
ISBN	1-77582-238-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (280 p.)
Disciplina	305.800968
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>In 1852, the colonial governor disestablished the chieftainship of the amaTshatshu, the leading group of Xhosa speakers west of the Kei River and north of the colonial border. It was only in 2003 that the amaTshatshu were recognised once again, by the democratic government. This book explores what it means for a people to be without recognition for over 170 years. It asks why the name of Tshatshu matters and to whom. It follows the people to whom the name was significant, and examines the meaning of belonging, or identity, and how this played out among the descendants of Maphasas following scattered across the eastern Cape, and between them, their neighbours, local authorities and the national state. There are signs of a</p>

resurgence of the concept of chieftaincy in South Africa. Some critics view chiefly authority as patriarchal, authoritarian, anti-poor and undemocratic, and others see the institution as tainted by western attempts to amend it. None have adequately explained the resilience of chieftaincy nor have they come to grips with the complexities of rural society in South Africa, particularly with regard to the oppressive effects of traditional power on women and gender relations. This book will open up these critical areas for scrutiny and reflection. In so doing, it aims to shed light on the failure of land reform and development strategies in rural eastern Cape.
