Record Nr. UNINA9910829003803321 Vitamins in the prevention of human diseases / / edited by Wolfgang **Titolo** Herrmann, Rima Obeid Pubbl/distr/stampa Berlin, : Walter de Gruyter, c2011 **ISBN** 1-283-16473-6 9786613164735 3-11-021449-0 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (744 p.) Altri autori (Persone) HerrmannWolfgang, Prof ObeidRima Disciplina 612.3/99 Soggetti Vitamins Vitamin therapy Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. History of the vitamins -- Vitamin A: retinol -- Vitamin B1: thiamine Nota di contenuto -- Vitamin B2: riboflavin -- Vitamin B6: pyridoxine -- Vitamin B9: folate -- Vitamin B12 : cobalamin -- Vitamin C : ascorbic acid --Vitamin D : cholecalciferol -- Vitamin E : alpha tocopherol -- Vitamin K -- Betaine -- Choline -- Omega 3 polyunsaturated fatty acids (fish oil). This book provides up-to-date knowledge on the role of water and fat Sommario/riassunto soluble vitamins in the prevention of human diseases. The vitamins are essential food constituents with magnificent biological effects therefore, linking our biology to our lifestyle and environment. Onesided nutrition, smoking, alcohol, genetic factors, and even geographical origin interfere with our dietary intake of the vitamins. Therefore, it is not wondering that insufficient vitamin intake can impact our health and contribute significantly to the development of numerous diseases. The book offers expert reviews and judgements on the role of vitamins in our health and the link between vitamins deficiency and disease conditions at different life stages. Having knowledge about the association of vitamins and disease, as well as

keeping track on the patients vitamin status has become increasingly important to physicians, clinical chemists, epidemiologists, specialists

in nutrition, health professionals, researchers, and students who are interested in this area. Recent development in laboratory methods has helped making many issues in this field quantitative.