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| Descrizione fisica      | 1 online resource (xi, 207 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)  |
| Collana                 | Anneli Lax New Mathematical Library ; ; 30  |
| Altri autori (Persone)  | BowdenLeon  |
| Disciplina              | 501.51  |
| Soggetti                | Exponential functions   |
|                         | Mathematical analysis   |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese   |
| Formato                 | Materiale a stampa  |
| Livello bibliografico   | Monografia  |
| Note generali           | Includes index.   |
| Nota di contenuto       | The beginnings of mechanics: Archimedes' law of the lever ; First<br>application: the centroid of a triangle ; Second application: the area<br>under a parabola ; Third application: the law of the crooked lever ;<br>Galileo: the law of the inclined plane ; Stevin: the law of the inclined<br>plane ; Insight and outlook Growth functions: The exponential law of<br>growth ; Maxwell's derivation of the law of errors ; Differential and / or<br>functional equations ; The problem of predicting population growth ;<br>Cusanus' recursive formula for [pi] ; Arithmetic and geometric means<br>The role of mathematics in optics: Euclid's optics ; Heron: the<br>shortest path principle ; Archimedes' symmetry proof ; Ptolemy and<br>refraction ; Kepler and refraction ; Fermat: the quickest path principle ;<br>Newton's mechanistic theory of light ; Fermat versus Newton:<br>experimentum crucis ; To recapitulate ; The role of science in<br>mathematics ; Some practical applications of conics ; Conical ingenuity:<br>the reflecting telescope.<br>Mathematics with matrices-transformations: Why use matrices? ; Plane<br>analytic geometry and vector addition ; The dot product ; To relate<br>coordinate geometry and vector algebra ; The law of cosines revisited ;<br>Linear transformations of the plane ; Rotations ; Composite<br>transformations and inverses ; Composition and matrix multiplication ;<br>Rotations and the addition formulas of trigonometry ; Reflections ;<br>Rigid motions (isometries) ; Orthogonal matrices ; Coordinate<br>transformations ; A matter of notation What is time? Einstein's |

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|                    | transformation problem: The Michelson-Morley experiment ; What time<br>is it? ; Einstein's space-time transformation problem ; Einstein's<br>solution ; Rods contract and clocks slow down Relativistic addition<br>of velocities: Einstein's law of relativistic addition ; Rescaling velocities ;<br>Experimental verification of Einstein's law ; Rescaled velocities revisited<br>Energy: The two body impact problem in classical mechanics ; The<br>two body impact problem in the theory of relativity ; Admissible energy<br>functions ; More about admissible energy functions ; Proof that V is<br>admissible ; Energy and momentum ; The dependence of mass on<br>velocity ; Energy and matter ; The Lorentz transformation and the<br>momentum-energy vector ; Relativity in more than one space<br>dimension ; Relativity and electrodynamics. |
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| Sommario/riassunto | The Role of Mathematics in Science aims to illustrate the many ways in<br>which mathematical methods have helped discovery in science. It is<br>aimed at a group of readers who are interested in mathematics beyond<br>the level of high school. The authors occasionally use some calculus<br>and more intricate arguments. The book should appeal to college<br>students and general readers with some background in mathematics.<br>The authors state that, 'If we succeed in giving an impression of the<br>beauty and power of mathematical reasoning in science, the purpose of<br>our work will have been achieved.' This book includes the laws of<br>levers and inclined planes, the laws of exponential versus limited<br>population growth, ray optics, and relativity.   |