

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910828435503321
Titolo	Embers of empire : continuity and rupture in the Habsburg successor states after 1918 // edited by Paul Miller and Claire Morelon
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York ; ; Oxford : , : Berghahn Books, , 2019
ISBN	1-78920-023-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (342 pages)
Collana	Austrian and Habsburg studies ; ; Volume 22
Classificazione	NQ 4060
Disciplina	943.0009041
Soggetti	HISTORY / Europe / Austria & Hungary Europe, Eastern History 1918-1945 Europe, Eastern Politics and government 1918-1945
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Intro -- Embers of Empire -- Copyright -- Contents -- Illustrations -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction -- Part I. Permanence and Revolution -- Chapter 1. Negotiating Post-Imperial Transitions -- Chapter 2. State Legitimacy and Continuity between the Habsburg Empire and Czechoslovakia -- Chapter 3. Strangers among Friends -- Chapter 4. Ideology on Display -- Part II The Habsburg Army's Final Battles -- Chapter 5. Reflections on the Legacy of the Imperial and Royal Army in the Successor States -- Chapter 6. Imperial into National Officers -- Chapter 7. Shades of Empire -- Part III. Church, Dynasty, Aristocracy -- Chapter 8. "All the German Princes Driven Out!" -- Chapter 9. Wealthy Landowners or Weak Remnants of the Imperial Past? -- Chapter 10. Sinner, Saint-or Cipher? -- Part IV. History, Memory, Mentalite -- Chapter 11. "What Did They Die For?" -- Chapter 12. "The First Victim of the First World War" -- Afterword -- Index.
Sommario/riassunto	"The collapse of the Habsburg Monarchy at the end of World War I ushered in a period of radical change for East-Central European political structures and national identities. Yet this transformed landscape inevitably still bore the traces of its imperial past. Breaking with traditional histories that take 1918 as a strict line of demarcation, this collection focuses on the complexities that attended the transition from the Habsburg Empire to its successor states. In so doing, it

produces new and more nuanced insights into the persistence and effectiveness of imperial institutions, as well as the sources of instability in the newly formed nation-states"--

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