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1.

	 Why do People Choose to Migrate?3. Why do Kurdish people Choose to Migrate?; 4. The Migration of Young Kurdish People; 5. Erik Erikson's Theory of Identity Development; 6. Setting; 7. Factors that Influence Youth Migrant Identity; 8. Types of Migrant Youth Adjustmentto Reduce Identity Crisis; 9. Summary and Conclusion; 10. References; CHAPTER SEVEN; Abstract; 1. Introduction; 2. The Formation of Kurdish Diaspora; The Victim Diaspora and the Myth of Return; 4. The Diaspora and Identity; 5. Conclusion; 6. Bibliography; PART III - EDUCATION AND RESEARCH; CHAPTER EIGHT; Abstract Introduction2. Main Issues and Challenges for Higher Education; 3. University of Kurdistan: Hewler, UKH; 4. A Preliminary Evaluation of the Barriers to Progress; 5. A Preliminary Evaluation of the performance over theperiod 2009-2012; 6. Conclusions and Discussions; 7. References; CHAPTER NINE; Abstract; 1. Research and Education Systems; 2. History of Research and Education; 3. Pros and Cons of R&E Systems; 4. Which R&E System to Put in Place?; 5. Education in Kurdistan; 6. References; PART IV - HEALTH AND QUALITY OF LIFE; CHAPTER TEN; Abstract; 1. Introduction; 2. Materials and Methods Results4. Discussion; 5. Conclusion; 6. References; CHAPTER ELEVEN; Abstract; 1. Introduction; 2. Communication Theory; 3. General Practitioner Patient Communication; 4. The Short Encounter; 5. Gender Perspective; 6. Conclusion; 7. References; CHAPTER TWELVE; Abstract; 1. Introduction; 2. Methods; 3. Results; 4. Conclusion; 5. References; CHAPTER THIRTEEN; Abstract; 1. Introduction; 2. Modern Developments and Approaches in Quality of Life Research; 3. Conclusion; 4. References; PART V - INDUSTRY; CHAPTER FOURTEEN; Abstract; 1. Introduction; 2. Automation and Mechatronics 3. The Impact of the History and Geopolitical Situation on Industrial Development
Sommario/riassunto	The second scientific World Kurdish Congress was held in October 2012 at Hewler with the theme of improving the quality of life, science and culture for progress in Kurdistan. The papers presented focused on various important aspects of culture, economy, education, health, industry and political science in Kurdistan. The objective of this conference was to create a network of academicians to exchange and develop knowledge and work together with the Kurdistan Regional Government on how to furt