

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996218178903316
Autore	Aven T (Terje)
Titolo	Foundations of risk analysis [[electronic resource]] : a knowledge and decision-oriented perspective // Terje Aven
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Chichester ; ; Hoboken, NJ, : John Wiley & Sons, c2003
ISBN	1-280-27392-5 9786610273928 0-470-32240-3 0-470-87123-7 0-470-87124-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (208 p.)
Collana	Wiley Series in Probability and Statistics
Disciplina	519.5
Soggetti	Risk assessment - Statistical methods
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [179]-185) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Foundations of Risk Analysis; Contents; Preface; 1 Introduction; 1.1 The Importance of Risk and Uncertainty Assessments; 1.2 The Need to Develop a Proper Risk Analysis Framework; Bibliographic Notes; 2 Common Thinking about Risk and Risk Analysis; 2.1 Accident Risk; 2.1.1 Accident Statistics; 2.1.2 Risk Analysis; 2.1.3 Reliability Analysis; 2.2 Economic Risk; 2.2.1 General Definitions of Economic Risk in Business and Project Management; 2.2.2 A Cost Risk Analysis; 2.2.3 Finance and Portfolio Theory; 2.2.4 Treatment of Risk in Project Discounted Cash Flow Analysis 2.3 Discussion and Conclusions2.3.1 The Classical Approach; 2.3.2 The Bayesian Paradigm; 2.3.3 Economic Risk and Rational Decision-Making; 2.3.4 Other Perspectives and Applications; 2.3.5 Conclusions; Bibliographic Notes; 3 How to Think about Risk and Risk Analysis; 3.1 Basic Ideas and Principles; 3.1.1 Background Information; 3.1.2 Models and Simplifications in Probability Considerations; 3.1.3 Observable Quantities; 3.2 Economic Risk; 3.2.1 A Simple Cost Risk Example; 3.2.2 Production Risk; 3.2.3 Business and Project Management; 3.2.4 Investing Money in a Stock Market 3.2.5 Discounted Cash Flow Analysis3.3 Accident Risk; Bibliographic

Notes; 4 How to Assess Uncertainties and Specify Probabilities; 4.1 What Is a Good Probability Assignment?; 4.1.1 Criteria for Evaluating Probabilities; 4.1.2 Heuristics and Biases; 4.1.3 Evaluation of the Assessors; 4.1.4 Standardization and Consensus; 4.2 Modelling; 4.2.1 Examples of Models; 4.2.2 Discussion; 4.3 Assessing Uncertainty of Y; 4.3.1 Assignments Based on Classical Statistical Methods; 4.3.2 Analyst Judgements Using All Sources of Information; 4.3.3 Formal Expert Elicitation; 4.3.4 Bayesian Analysis
4.4 Uncertainty Assessments of a Vector X4.4.1 Cost Risk; 4.4.2 Production Risk; 4.4.3 Reliability Analysis; 4.5 Discussion and Conclusions; Bibliographic Notes; 5 How to Use Risk Analysis to Support Decision-Making; 5.1 What Is a Good Decision?; 5.1.1 Features of a Decision-Making Model; 5.1.2 Decision-Support Tools; 5.1.3 Discussion; 5.2 Some Examples; 5.2.1 Accident Risk; 5.2.2 Scrap in Place or Complete Removal of Plant; 5.2.3 Production System; 5.2.4 Reliability Target; 5.2.5 Health Risk; 5.2.6 Warranties; 5.2.7 Offshore Development Project; 5.2.8 Risk Assessment: National Sector 5.2.9 Multi-Attribute Utility Example5.3 Risk Problem Classification Schemes; 5.3.1 A Scheme Based on Potential Consequences and Uncertainties; 5.3.2 A Scheme Based on Closeness to Hazard and Level of Authority; Bibliographic Notes; 6 Summary and Conclusions; Appendix A Basic Theory of Probability and Statistics; A.1 Probability Theory; A.1.1 Types of Probabilities; A.1.2 Probability Rules; A.1.3 Random Quantities (Random Variables); A.1.4 Some Common Discrete Probability Distributions (Models); A.1.5 Some Common Continuous Distributions (Models)
A.1.6 Some Remarks on Probability Models and Their Parameters

Sommario/riassunto

Everyday we face decisions that carry an element of risk and uncertainty. The ability to analyse, communicate and control the level of risk entailed by these decisions remains one of the most pressing challenges to the analyst, scientist and manager. This book presents the foundational issues in risk analysis - expressing risk, understanding what risk means, building risk models, addressing uncertainty, and applying probability models to real problems. The principal aim of the book is to give the reader the knowledge and basic thinking they require to approach risk and uncertainty to support d

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910827852303321
Autore	Cogliano Francis D.
Titolo	Emperor of liberty : Thomas Jefferson's foreign policy / / Francis D. Cogliano ; Sonia Shannon, design
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New Haven, Connecticut : , : Yale University Press, , 2014 ©2014
ISBN	0-300-18244-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (317 p.)
Collana	The Lewis Walpole Series in Eighteenth-Century Culture and History
Disciplina	327.73009/034
Soggetti	BIOGRAPHY & AUTOBIOGRAPHY / Presidents & Heads of State United States Foreign relations 1801-1809
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- A Note On Sources -- Introduction. Three Emperors -- Chapter 1. According To The Judgment Of A Good Man -- Chapter 2. "To Compel The Pyratical States To Perpetual Peace" -- Chapter 3. "Mr. Jeff Erson Is A Decided Republican" -- Chapter 4. The Reign Of The Witches -- Chapter 5. "Chastise Their Insolence" -- Chapter 6. Empire Of Liberty -- Chapter 7. "They Expect The President To Act" -- Conclusion "Ne Plus Ultra" -- Notes -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	This book, the first in decades to closely examine Thomas Jefferson's foreign policy, offers a compelling reinterpretation of his attitudes and accomplishments as a statesman during America's early nationhood. Beginning with Jefferson's disastrous stint as wartime governor of Virginia during the American Revolution, and proceeding to his later experiences as a diplomat in France, Secretary of State, and U.S. Vice President, historian Francis Cogliano considers how these varied assignments shaped Jefferson's thinking about international relations. The author then addresses Jefferson's two terms as President-his goals, the means he employed to achieve them, and his final record as a statesman. Cogliano documents the evolution of Jefferson's attitudes toward the use of force and the disposition of state power. He argues that Jefferson, although idealistic in the ends he sought to achieve, was

pragmatic in the means he employed. Contrary to received wisdom, Jefferson was comfortable using deadly force when he deemed it necessary and was consistent in his foreign policy ends-prioritizing defense of the American republic above all else. His failures as a statesman were, more often than not, the result of circumstances beyond his control, notably the weakness of the fledgling American republic in a world of warring empires.

3. Record Nr.	UNISA996309113603316
Autore	Plumpe Werner
Titolo	Betriebliche Mitbestimmung in der Weimarer Republik : Fallstudien zum Ruhrbergbau und zur Chemischen Industrie / / Werner Plumpe
Pubbl/distr/stampa	De Gruyter, 1999 Berlin ; ; Boston : , : Oldenbourg Wissenschaftsverlag, , [2009] ©1999
ISBN	1-306-78092-6
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (476 p.)
Collana	Quellen und Darstellungen zur Zeitgeschichte ; ; 45
Classificazione	NW 6105
Disciplina	622
Soggetti	Mineral industries - Germany - History Chemical industry - Germany - History Germany History 1918-1933
Lingua di pubblicazione	Tedesco
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Originally presented as the author's Habilitationsschrift (Universitat Bochum, 1994).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages 443-465) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front Matter -- Einleitung -- Der gesetzliche Rahmen der betrieblichen Mitbestimmung 1916 bis 1934 -- Die industriellen Beziehungen in den Leverkusener Farbwerken 1916 bis 1934 -- Die industriellen Beziehungen im Ruhrbergbau unter besonderer Berücksichtigung der Schachtanlagen der Abteilung Bergbau der Vereinigten Stahlwerke -- Betriebliche Mitbestimmung 1916 bis 1934 -- Back Matter
Sommario/riassunto	Die ungelöst und häufig unreguliert verlaufenden sozialen Konflikte in den Betrieben zahlten zu den die Weimarer Republik belastenden Problemen. Das Betriebsratgesetz von 1920 war freilich trotz aller

Auseinandersetzungen im Vorfeld seiner Verabschiedung weitgehend unumstritten. Wenn es trotzdem in den zwanziger Jahren zu keiner zufriedenstellenden Regulierung der betrieblichen Konflikte kam, so lag dies vor allem an der kommunikativen Praxis in den Betrieben, die einerseits Produktionstechnik und Unternehmerorganisation reflektierte, andererseits der Lern- und Anpassungsbereitschaft an die ve
