Record Nr. UNINA9910827350403321 Autore Kligman Gail Titolo Peasants under siege: the collectivization of Romanian agriculture, 1949-1962 / / Gail Kligman and Katherine Verdery Princeton, N.J.,: Princeton University Press, 2011 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-283-16386-1 9786613163868 1-4008-4043-0 Edizione [Course Book] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (533 p.) Altri autori (Persone) VerderyKatherine Disciplina 338.1/849809045 Soggetti Collectivization of agriculture - Romania - History - 20th century Agriculture and state - Romania - History - 20th century Romania Politics and government 1944-1989 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Laying the groundwork -- The Soviet blueprint -- The village community and the politics of collectivization, 1945-62 -- Creating party cadres -- Pedagogies of power: technologies of rural transformation -- Pedagogies of knowledge production and contestation -- Pedagogies of persuasion -- Fomenting class war --Outcomes -- The collectives are formed -- The restratification and bureaucratization of rural life -- Conclusion -- Appendix I. Project and participants -- Appendix II. Methodology -- Appendix III. List of interviewers and respondents. Sommario/riassunto In 1949, Romania's fledgling communist regime unleashed a radical and brutal campaign to collectivize agriculture in this largely agrarian country, following the Soviet model. Peasants under Siege provides the first comprehensive look at the far-reaching social engineering process that ensued. Gail Kligman and Katherine Verdery examine how collectivization assaulted the very foundations of rural life, transforming village communities that were organized around kinship and status hierarchies into segments of large bureaucratic organizations, forged by the language of "class warfare" yet saturated

with vindictive personal struggles. Collectivization not only overturned

property relations, the authors argue, but was crucial in creating the Party-state that emerged, its mechanisms of rule, and the "new persons" that were its subjects. The book explores how ill-prepared cadres, themselves unconvinced of collectivization's promises, implemented technologies and pedagogies imported from the Soviet Union through actions that contributed to the excessive use of force, which Party leaders were often unable to control. In addition, the authors show how local responses to the Party's initiatives compelled the regime to modify its plans and negotiate outcomes. Drawing on archival documents, oral histories, and ethnographic data, Peasants under Siege sheds new light on collectivization in the Soviet era and on the complex tensions underlying and constraining political authority.