Record Nr. UNINA9910827253003321 Autore Grigsby Bryon Lee Titolo Pestilence in Medieval and early modern English literature / / Bryon Lee Grigsby New York, : Routledge, 2004 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-135-88383-1 1-135-88384-X 1-280-04985-5 0-203-50885-8 0-415-76266-9 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica xii, 201 p Collana Medieval history and culture ; ; v. 23 Disciplina 820.9/3561 English literature - Middle English, 1100-1500 - History and criticism Soggetti Medicine in literature English literature - Early modern, 1500-1700 - History and criticism Literature and medicine - Great Britain - History Epidemics - Great Britain - History Diseases - Great Britain - History Medicine - Great Britain - History Plague - Great Britain - History Diseases in literature Plague in literature Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto chapter Introduction -- chapter 1 From Sophrosyne to Sin -- chapter 2 Leprosy, Bubonic Plague, and Syphilis -- chapter 3 Leprosy and Spiritual Sins in Medieval Literature -- chapter 4 Plague as Apocalypse in Medieval Literature -- chapter 5 Learning to Cope with Disease -chapter 6 Leprosy and Syphilis in Early Modern Literature. Sommario/riassunto Pestilence in Medieval and Early Modern English Literature examines three diseases--leprosy, bubonic plague, and syphilis--to show how doctors, priests, and literary authors from the Middle Ages through the

Renaissance interpreted certain illnesses through a moral filter. Lacking

knowledge about the transmission of contagious diseases, doctors and priests saw epidemic diseases as a punishment sent by God for human transgression. Accordingly, their job was to properly read sickness in relation to the sin. By examining different readings of specific illnesses, this book shows how the social construction of epidemic diseases formed a kind of narrative wherein man attempts to take the control of the disease out of God's hands by connecting epidemic diseases to the sins of carnality.