1. Record Nr. UNINA9910826729903321 Autore Batza Katie Titolo Before AIDS: gay health politics in the 1970s / / Katie Batza Pubbl/distr/stampa Philadelphia:,: University of Pennsylvania Press,, [2018] ©2018 **ISBN** 0-8122-9499-8 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xii, 178 pages): illustrations Politics and Culture in Modern America Collana Disciplina 362.1086/64 Soggetti Gay liberation movement - United States - History - 20th century Gay people - Medical care - United States - History - 20th century Sexual minorities - Medical care - United States - History - 20th century Gay men Health care for LGBTQ people LGBTQ health education Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- CONTENTS -- ABBREVIATIONS -- Preface --Introduction. Fighting Epidemics and Ignorance -- Chapter 1. Reimagining Gay Liberation -- Chapter 2. Beyond Gay Liberation --Chapter 3. Gay Health Harnesses the State -- Chapter 4. Redefining Gay Health -- Chapter 5. The Gay Health Network Meets AIDS --Epilogue. AIDS and the State Enmeshed -- Notes -- Index --Acknowledgments Sommario/riassunto The AIDS crisis of the 1980s looms large in recent histories of sexuality, medicine, and politics, and justly so-an unknown virus without a cure ravages an already persecuted minority, medical professionals are unprepared and sometimes unwilling to care for the sick, and a national health bureaucracy is slow to invest resources in finding a cure. Yet this widely accepted narrative, while accurate. creates the impression that the gay community lacked any capacity to address AIDS. In fact, as Katie Batza demonstrates in this pathbreaking book, there was already a well-developed network of gav-

health clinics in American cities when the epidemic struck, and these

clinics served as the first responders to the disease. Before AIDS explores this heretofore unrecognized story, chronicling the development of a national gay health network by highlighting the origins of longstanding gay health institutions in Boston, Chicago, and Los Angeles, placing them in a larger political context, and following them into the first five years of the AIDS crisis. Like many other minority communities in the 1970s, gay men faced public health challenges that resulted as much from their political marginalization and social stigmatization as from any disease. Gay men mistrusted mainstream health institutions, fearing outing, ostracism, misdiagnosis, and the possibility that their sexuality itself would be treated as a medical condition. In response to these problems, a colorful cast of doctors and activists built a largely self-sufficient gay medical system that challenged, collaborated with, and educated mainstream health practitioners. Taking inspiration from rhetoric employed by the Black Panther, feminist, and anti-urban renewal movements, and putting government funding to new and often unintended uses, gay health activists of the 1970s changed the medical and political understandings of sexuality and health to reflect the new realities of their own sexual revolution.