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Titolo	Arabian drugs in medieval Mediterranean medicine // Zohar Amar and Efraim Levy [[electronic resource]]
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Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xiii, 290 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Collana	Edinburgh studies in classical Islamic history and culture
Disciplina	615.10917/49270902
Soggetti	Materia medica - Arab countries - History - To 1500 History Mediterranean Region Arab countries
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 11 May 2017).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Plates -- Tables -- Preface -- Map: The Origin of the Main Medieval Arabian Drugs -- 1 Introduction -- 2 Agriculture and Pharmaceutical Innovations: Milestones in Research and Case Studies -- 3 'Arabian' Substances -- 4 Discussion and Conclusions -- Bibliography -- Index of English Names -- Index of Arabic Names -- Index of Scientific Names
Sommario/riassunto	Explores the impact of drugs introduced by the Arabs on medieval Mediterranean medicine.<p>For more than one thousand years Arab medicine held sway in the ancient world, from the shores of Spain in the West to China, India and Sri Lanka (Ceylon) in the East. This book explores the impact of Greek (as well as Indian and Persian) medical heritage on the evolution of Arab medicine and pharmacology, investigating it from the perspective of materia medica - a reliable indication of the contribution of this medical legacy.</p><p>Focusing on the main substances introduced and traded by the Arabs in the medieval Mediterranean - including Ambergris, camphor, musk, myrobalan, nutmeg, sandalwood and turmeric - the authors show how they enriched the existing inventory of drugs influenced by Galenic-

Arab pharmacology. Further, they look at how these substances merged with the development and distribution of new technologies and industries that evolved in the Middle Ages such as textiles, paper, dyeing and tanning, and with the new trends, demands and fashions regarding spices, perfumes, ornaments (gemstones) and foodstuffs some of which can be found in our modern-day food basket.

Key Features

- Assesses the assimilation of theoretical and practical Greek, Indian and Persian medicine into Arabic medical culture
- Reconstructs and presents a list of medicinal substances distributed by the Arabs as a result of their conquests
- Tells the stories of 33 new Arabic drugs within the context of their natural history
- Describes the contribution of the Arabs to the daily medieval cultural material (medicine, cosmetics, perfumery, dyeing of materials, industrial products and precious stones)
- Includes 35 colour illustrations
