1. Record Nr. UNINA9910825309103321 Autore Schulz Petra Titolo Factivity: its nature and acquisition / / Petra Schulz Pubbl/distr/stampa Tbingen,: Max Niemeyer, 2003 **ISBN** 3-11-092954-6 Edizione [Reprint 2012] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (264 p.) Collana Linguistische Arbeiten, , 0344-6727 ; ; 480 Classificazione ET 670 Disciplina 415 Grammar, Comparative and general - Syntax Soggetti Language acquisition Semantics Presupposition (Logic) Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [243]-252). Nota di contenuto Front matter -- Acknowledgements -- Table of contents -- List of Tables and Figures -- Abbreviations and Conventions -- 1. Introduction -- 2. Lexical-Semantic and Syntactic Aspects of Factivity -- 3. Presupposition and Factivity -- 4. The Structure of Factive and Nonfactive Sentences -- 5. Factivity in Language Acquisition -- 6. Towards a Developmental Model -- 7. Experimental Studies -- 8. Conclusion -- Appendix -- References Challenging existing lexical-semantic accounts, this book presents a Sommario/riassunto compositional approach to the concept of factivity and its acquisition. Factive sentences such as 'John forgot that he bought wine' presuppose the truth of the embedded complement. The author argues that a satisfactory characterization of factivity can only be accomplished if its multiple dimensions are acknowledged. A thorough examination of the empirical data demonstrates that factivity, rather than being a property of the matrix predicate, results from the complex interaction of lexicalsemantic, syntactic, and discourse-semantic factors. Focusing on English, the predictions of this compositional approach to factivity are tested with production and comprehension data covering children's acquisitional patterns between the ages of 2 and 8. After a

comprehensive review of previous studies, the author presents two rigorously designed comprehension experiments and a detailed

analysis of two longitudinal corpora. The child data provides convincing evidence that the multidimensionality of factivity is mirrored in the acquisition process by a stepwise mastery of its different components. Children produce and correctly interpret factive structures around age 4, but certain syntactic and discourse-semantic properties are not learned before age 7. This book should be of interest to advanced students and researchers in both theoretical linguistics and language acquisition.