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Titolo	Turkish-Greek relations : the security dilemma in the Aegean // editors, Mustafa Aydin, Kostas Ifantis
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Routledge, , 2004
ISBN	1-135-77519-2 1-138-87009-9 1-135-77520-6 1-280-07800-6 0-203-50191-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (373 p.)
Collana	The ASAM series, , 1740-3758
Altri autori (Persone)	AydnMustafa IfantisKostas
Disciplina	327.4950561
Soggetti	International relations Turkey Foreign relations Greece Greece Foreign relations Turkey
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Erratum slip inserted.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages [303]-345) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Book Cover; Title; Contents; List of Tables; Notes on Contributors; Acknowledgements; List of Abbreviations; Introduction; Contemporary Turkish-Greek Relations: Constraints and Opportunities; National Perception of the 'Other' and the Persistence of Some Images; The Greek-Turkish Conflict: Towards Resolution and Reconciliation; Turning a New Page in Turkey's Relations with Greece? The Challenge of Reconciling Vital Interests; Tension-Reduction and Confidence-Building in the Aegean; The Economic Imperative: Prospects for Trade Integration and Business Cooperation Crisis Management in Greek-Turkish Relations: A Political Economy Analysis since 1974 Environmental Security in the Aegean Sea; Negotiation and Deterrence in Asymmetrical Power Situations: The Turkish-Greek Case; Perception and Rapprochement: Debating a Greek Strategy Towards Turkey; Rapprochement on Non-Governmental Level: The Story of the Turkish-Greek Forum; Conclusion; Bibliography; Index
Sommario/riassunto	The discord between Turkey and Greece has grown deeper and wider

over time, over a series of seemingly vital issues, which have at times brought the two countries to the brink of war. Yet in 1999 the two countries opened a dialogue on non-sensitive issues such as trade, the environment and tourism. The causes of the current rapprochement progress are explored in this book in relation both to the international environment which is increasingly conducive to this progress, and the significant domestic changes that both Greece and Turkey have experienced since the end of the Cold War. This

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910824002003321
Autore	Lane Max <1951->
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Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : ISEAS-Yusof Ishak Institute, , 2019
ISBN	981-4818-44-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (26 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Collana	Trends in Southeast Asia ; ; 2018 no. 8
Disciplina	331.8809598
Soggetti	Labor unions - Indonesia - Batam - History Labor unions - Political activity - Indonesia - Batam - History Labor movement - Indonesia - Batam - History Industrial relations - Indonesia - Batam - History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
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Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- FOREWORD -- EXECUTIVE SUMMARY -- INTRODUCTION -- DEMOGRAPHY, PARTY POLITICS AND THE GENERAL CONTEXT FOR UNIONS -- TRADE UNION POLITICS: EARLY PERIOD -- THE RISE OF MILITANCY: A NATIONAL TREND (2011-13) -- DECLINE OF MILITANCY AND BEGINNING OF CO-OPTION (2013-17) -- CONCLUSION
Sommario/riassunto	Over the past two decades, trade union activity in Batam has been heavily influenced by regional demographics, employment conditions and the prevalent political scenario. Following the end of the New Order in 1998, the single state-authorized union was fragmented, giving rise to a number of new enterprise unions. Batam's young and diverse

immigrant population, with no pre-existing loyalties to particular trade unions, made it a hotspot for industrial relations activities. Low and stagnant workers' wages throughout Indonesia and outbreak of social unrest resulted in the formation of three strong national-level unions: FSPMI, KSPSI and the KSBSI. By the mid-2000s, these unions were also active in Batam. Unsettled ethnic relations resulted in escalation of labour mobilizations from 2011 to 2013. The Garda Metal (union member formation) spearheaded a number of intense demonstrations throughout Indonesia, including Batam, during this time. The 2012 mobilization was particularly effective, and the union bodies were able to successfully negotiate for significantly higher minimum wages for all workers in Indonesia. After intervention by the Widodo government, and the signing of a harmony declaration, there has been a change in the unions' approach in demanding wages and conditions improvement. Instead of addressing employment concerns through national-level campaigns, matters are now to be resolved at the enterprise level. While there are no visible signs of a confrontational mobilization in the near future, a number of worker welfare issues remain unsettled.
