Record Nr. UNINA9910823889203321 Autore Carranza Mario Esteban Titolo India-Pakistan nuclear diplomacy: constructivism and the prospects for nuclear arms control and disarmament in South Asia / / Mario E. Lanham, Maryland:,: Rowman & Littlefield,, 2016 Pubbl/distr/stampa ©2016 **ISBN** 1-4422-4562-X Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (289 p.) Studies on Weapons of Mass Destruction Series Collana 327.1/7470954 Disciplina Soggetti Nuclear disarmament - South Asia Nuclear arms control - South Asia India Foreign relations Pakistan Pakistan Foreign relations India Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Contents; Preface and Acknowledgments; List of Abbreviations; List of Tables; List of Figures; Maps; Chapter One: Introduction; Chapter Two: An Impossible Game; Chapter Three: International Relations Theories and Indo-Pakistani Nuclear Relations; Chapter Four: Explaining and Forecasting Nuclear Reversals in South Asia; Chapter Five: A Critique of US Nonproliferation Policy toward South Asia during the Bush and Obama Administrations; Chapter Six: Normalization and the Future of Indo-Pakistani Nuclear Relations; Chapter Seven: Conclusion; References: Index: About the Author Using a constructivist model, this study brings nuclear arms control Sommario/riassunto and disarmament back into the debates on the future of Indo-Pakistani relations. Constructivism recognizes the independent impact of international norms, such as the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Norm (NNPN), on India and Pakistan's nuclear behavior. Even though the NNPN does not legally bind them, it is reinforced at the global level, and may lead the South Asian rivals to move in the direction of nuclear arms control and disarmament, thus reducing the costs, dangers, and risks of an eternal strategic rivalry. After examining th