Record Nr. UNINA9910823493703321 Autore Attar Riad A Titolo Arms and conflict in the Middle East // Riad A. Attar Pubbl/distr/stampa Bingley, UK, : Emerald, 2009 **ISBN** 1-282-50014-7 9786612500145 1-84950-662-0 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (272 p.) Contributions to conflict management, peace economics and Collana development;; v. 13 Disciplina 303.660956 Soggetti International relations - Middle East Political science - Middle East Adjustable rate mortgages - Middle East Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 179-180) and index. Nota di contenuto Introduction / Riad Attar -- The model / Riad Attar -- Data and estimation and results / Riad A. Attar -- The political economy of the Middle East / Riad A. Attar -- Conclusion / Riad Attar -- Arab Israeli conflict / Riad Attar -- Arms in the Middle East / Riad Attar -- Theories and models / Riad A. Attar. Sommario/riassunto This study contributes to the debate on whether defense spending encourages or hinders economic growth. The effect of politics on economic growth in developing societies is assessed, with a focus on the Middle East. The study is the first to add conflict variables to the production function defense-growth model and test them empirically across countries and regions, and provide robust empirical evidence on the differential effects of interstate and intrastate conflicts on economic growth. The study provides compelling empirical evidence and guidelines to policy decision makers on how to allocate the resources of their states and adopt policies that promote political economic development. The study urges Third World leaders to improve levels of freedom, democracy, and openness of their political systems because

the results confirm that political factors are at least as important as economic factors in promoting economic growth. Furthermore, the

results attest that the reallocation of resources from military to the civilian sector is the sine qua non to improve the performance of developing countries' economies.