

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910822939003321
Autore	Farber Zev <1976->
Titolo	Images of Joshua in the Bible and its reception / / Zev Farber
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, [Germany] ; ; Boston, [Massachusetts] : , : De Gruyter, , 2016 ©2016
ISBN	3-11-038366-7 3-11-034336-3
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (506 p.)
Collana	Beihefte zur Zeitschrift für die alttestamentliche Wissenschaft, , 0934-2575 ; ; Volume 457
Disciplina	222/.2092
Soggetti	Typology (Theology)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Introduction -- Chapter 1 – Biblical Joshua (s) -- Chapter 2 – Pre-Biblical Joshua(s) -- Chapter 3 – Hellenistic and Second Temple Joshua(s) -- Chapter 4 – Samaritan Joshua(s) -- Chapter 5 – Early Christian Joshua(s) -- Chapter 6 – Rabbinic Joshua(s) -- Conclusion -- Bibliography -- Primary Sources -- Modern Authors
Sommario/riassunto	The central theme of the book is the relationship between a hero or cultural icon and the cultures in which he or she is venerated. On one hand, a hero cannot remain a static character if he or she is to appeal to diverse and dynamic communities. On the other hand, a traditional icon should retain some basic features in order to remain recognizable. Joshua son of Nun is an iconic figure of Israelite cultural memory described at length in the Hebrew Bible and venerated in numerous religious traditions. This book uses Joshua as a test case. It tackles reception and redaction history, focusing on the use and development of Joshua's character and the deployment of his various images in the narratives and texts of several religious traditions. I look for continuities and discontinuities between traditions, as well as cross-pollination and polemic. The first two chapters look at Joshua's portrayal in biblical literature, using both synchronic (literary analysis) as well as diachronic (Überlieferungsgeschichte and redaction/source criticism) methodologies. The other four chapters focus on the reception history of Joshua in Second Temple and Hellenistic Jewish

literature, in the medieval (Arabic) Samaritan Book of Joshua, in the New Testament and Church Fathers, and in Rabbinic literature.

2. Record Nr.	UNISA996344239003316
Autore	Grafenstein Maximilian von
Titolo	The principle of purpose limitation in data protection laws : the risk-based approach, principles, and private standards as elements for regulating innovation / / Maximilian von Grafenstein
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Nomos Verlagsgesellschaft mbH & Co. KG, 2018
ISBN	3-8452-9084-6
Descrizione fisica	1 electronic resource (676 p.)
Collana	Schriften zur rechtswissenschaftlichen Innovationsforschung
Disciplina	342.0858
Soggetti	Data protection - Law and legislation - European Union countries Data protection - Law and legislation - Germany Data protection - Law and legislation
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Introduction -- Conceptual definitions as a link for regulation -- The function of the principle of purpose limitation in light of Article 8 ECFR and further fundamental rights -- Empirical approach in order to assist answering open legal questions -- Final conclusion: The principle of purpose limitation can not only be open towards but also enhancing innovation.
Sommario/riassunto	This thesis examines the principle of purpose limitation in data protection law from the perspective of regulating data-driven innovation. According to this approach, the principle of purpose limitation not only protects an individual's autonomy but simultaneously leaves sufficient room for data controllers to innovate when finding the best solution for protection. The first component of the principle of purpose limitation (i.e. to specify the purpose of data processing) is a precautionary protection instrument which obliges the controller to identify specific risks arising from its processing against all fundamental rights of the data subject. In contrast, the second component (i.e. the requirement to limit data processing to the

preceding purpose) aims to control the risk caused by data processing that occurred at a later stage and adds to the risks which were previously identified. This approach provides an answer to the question of how the General Data Protection Regulation which does not only effectively protect an individual's autonomy but also helps controllers to turn their legal compliance into a mechanism that enhances innovation, should be interpreted with regard to all the fundamental rights of the data subject.

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