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Nota di contenuto	Front Matter Contents Preface Acknowledgments The Paradox of Socialist Isolation: Ideology and Territory in the Construction of Soviet Border Controls States, Regimes and Border Controls: The Link between Communism and Isolation Borderland Sovereignty Struggles and the Creation of the Soviet State, 1917-1922 The Politics of Autarky: Soviet Customs Institutions and the Post- revolutionary Economy in the 1920s Border Control and Centre- Periphery Relations in the Soviet Union, 1921-1941 State-Sponsored Isolation and Institutional Politics The Reconstruction and Maintenance of Border Controls, 1941-1985 Perestroika and the Iron Curtain: The Dilemmas of Changing Institutions, 1986-1991 Ending Isolation: Border Control in the Soviet Successor States Conclusion Notes Bibliography Index
Sommario/riassunto	Chandler provides a comprehensive examination of border controls from the Bolshevik Revolution of 1917 to the collapse of the U.S.S.R. in 1991 and shows the continued importance of border controls for the newly independent Soviet successor states. She reveals the changing

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nature of Soviet border control policy, from the extreme Stalinist isolation of the 1930s to liberalization - and eventual instability during perestroika in the late 1980s. Chandler argues that Communist ideology was not the only reason for the self-imposed isolation of the state and explores a complex, ever-changing set of political, interbureaucratic, and economic factors that combined to influence the Soviet Union's closed-border policies. She draws on social science theories of comparative institutional change and state formation to illuminate policies within the Soviet state, which has often been regarded as a unique case. By exploring why a political system that originally prided itself on its internationalism devoted such intense efforts to seal its society from the outside world, Institutions of Isolation provides a revealing case study of the strengths and weaknesses of the Soviet state.