1. Record Nr. UNINA9910822463903321 Autore Pereira N. G. O (Norman G. O.), <1942-> Titolo White Siberia: the politics of civil war / / N.G.O. Pereira Pubbl/distr/stampa Montreal; ; Buffalo, : McGill-Queen's University Press, c1996 **ISBN** 1-282-85361-9 9786612853616 0-7735-6564-7 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xii, 261 pages, 6 unnumbered pages of plates): illustrations, maps 957.08/41 Disciplina Anti-communist movements - Russia (Federation) - Siberia Soggetti Siberia (Russia) History Revolution, 1917-1921 Siberia (Russia) Politics and government Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Note generali Includes bibliographical references (p. [221]-253) and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Front Matter -- Contents -- Maps -- Preface -- Introduction --Physical Setting, Background, and Regional Development -- Revolution in Siberia -Similarities and Differences with European Russia -- Early Resistance to Bolshevik Rule, Contending White Governments, and the Rise of Omsk -- Democratic Counter-Revolution and White Union --Kolchak's Regime in Ascendancy -- Kolchak's Regime in Decline --Aftermath and Consolidation of Soviet Power -- Conclusion -- Notes --Bibliography -- Index Sommario/riassunto Pereira argues that the White counter-revolution failed in Siberia because of the political weakness of the anti-Soviet governments vying for power in the region and especially because of their policies toward the Siberian peasantry. He highlights similarities and differences among their constitutional programs and ideologies, paying particular attention to the Kolchak government as the chief anti-Bolshevik force in the region. Through his analysis of the conflict Pereira attempts to determine whether parliamentary democracy stood any real chance under the extraordinary circumstances or whether it was, as the Bolsheviks alleged, merely window-dressing hiding the real agenda of

counter-revolution by military means and restoration of the ancien