

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910619700703321
Titolo	La Corte costituzionale e l'economia : atti del ciclo di incontri tra giudici costituzionali, economisti e giuristi : Università cattolica del Sacro Cuore (Milano, settembre 2016-maggio 2017) / a cura di Michele Massa
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Milano, : Vita e Pensiero, 2018
ISBN	978-88-343-3657-1
Descrizione fisica	210 p. ; 23 cm
Collana	Ricerche. Diritto
Disciplina	343.4507
Locazione	DDCIC
Collocazione	VIII E 90
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910821537003321
Autore	Levesque Roger J. R.
Titolo	Adolescence, Discrimination, and the Law : Addressing Dramatic Shifts in Equality Jurisprudence // Roger J.R. Levesque
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York, NY : , : New York University Press, , [2015] ©2015
ISBN	9781479814404 1479814407 9781479833597 1479833592
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (288 p.)
Disciplina	305.2350973
Soggetti	Criminal justice, Administration of - United States Teenagers - United States - Civil rights Age discrimination - United States Adolescence - Social aspects - United States
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction -- 1. Shifts in Equality Jurisprudence -- 2. The Nature, Developmental Roots, and Alleviation of Discrimination -- 3. Addressing Necessary Shifts in Equality Jurisprudence -- 4. Supporting Equality Jurisprudence's Sites of Inculcation -- 5. Harnessing Developmental Science to Broaden Equality Jurisprudence -- Conclusion -- References -- Index -- About the Author
Sommario/riassunto	Explores the shifts and the research used to support civil rights claims of discrimination, particularly relating to minority youths' rights to equal treatment In the wake of the civil rights movement, the legal system dramatically changed its response to discrimination based on race, gender, and other characteristics. It is now showing signs of yet another dramatic shift, as it moves from considering difference to focusing on neutrality. Rather than seeking to counter subjugation through special protections for groups that have been historically (and currently) disadvantaged, the Court now adopts a "colorblind"

approach. Equality now means treating everyone the same way. This book explores these shifts and the research used to support civil rights claims, particularly relating to minority youths' rights to equal treatment. It integrates developmental theory with work on legal equality and discrimination, showing both how the legal system can benefit from new research on development and how the legal system itself can work to address invidious discrimination given its significant influence on adolescents—especially those who are racial minorities—at a key stage in their developmental life. Adolescents, Discrimination, and the Law articulates the need to address discrimination by recognizing and enlisting the law's inculcative powers in multiple sites subject to legal regulation, ranging from families, schools, health and justice systems to religious and community groups. The legal system may champion ideals of neutrality in the goals it sets itself for treating individuals, but it cannot remain neutral in the values it supports and imparts. This volume shows that despite the shift to a focus on neutrality, the Court can and should effectively foster values supporting equality, especially among youth.

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