•	Record Nr.	UNINA9910821149103321
	Titolo	Identity relations in grammar / / edited by Kuniya Nasukawa, Henk van Riemsdijk
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Boston;; Berlin:,: De Gruyter Mouton,, [2014] ©2014
	ISBN	1-61451-811-4 1-61451-898-X
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (381 p.)
	Collana	Studies in generative grammar, , 0167-4331 ; ; 119
	Disciplina	415
	Soggetti	Grammar, Comparative and general - Grammatical categories Identity (Philosophical concept) Generative grammar
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
	Nota di contenuto	Front matter Contents Contributors Introduction / Nasukawa, Kuniya / Riemsdijk, Henk van Part I Phonology Contrastiveness: The basis of identity avoidance / Nasukawa, Kuniya / Backley, Phillip Rhyme as phonological multidominance / Oostendorp, Marc van Babbling, intrinsic input and the statistics of identical transvocalic consonants in English monosyllables: Echoes of the Big Bang? / Bye, Patrik Identity avoidance in the onset / Takahashi, Toyomi Part II Morpho-Syntax Unifying minimality and the OCP: Local anti-identity as economy / Manzini, M. Rita Semantic versus syntactic agreement in anaphora: The role of identity avoidance / Ackema, Peter Part III Syntax Exploring the limitations of identity effects in syntax / Alexiadou, Artemis Constraining Doubling / Hiraiwa, Ken Recoverability of deletion / Johnson, Kyle On the loss of identity and emergence of order: Symmetry breaking in linguistic theory / Liao, Weiwen Roger Part IV General Linguistic and non-linguistic identity effects: Same or different? / Yip, Moira On the biological origins of linguistic identity / Samuels, Bridget Language index Subject index
	Sommario/riassunto	Few concepts are as ubiquitous in the physical world of humans as that

of identity. Laws of nature crucially involve relations of identity and non-identity, the act of identifying is central to most cognitive processes, and the structure of human language is determined in many different ways by considerations of identity and its opposite. The purpose of this book is to bring together research from a broad scale of domains of grammar that have a bearing on the role that identity plays in the structure of grammatical representations and principles. Beyond a great many analytical puzzles, the creation and avoidance of identity in grammar raise a lot of fundamental and hard questions. These include: Why is identity sometimes tolerated or even necessary, while in other contexts it must be avoided? What are the properties of complex elements that contribute to configurations of identity (XX)? What structural notions of closeness or distance determine whether an offending XX-relation exists or, inversely, whether two more or less distant elements satisfy some requirement of identity? Is it possible to generalize over the specific principles that govern (non-)identity in the various components of grammar, or are such comparisons merely metaphorical? Indeed, can we define the notion of identity in a formal way that will allow us to decide which of the manifold phenomena that we can think of are genuine instances of some identity (avoidance) effect? If identity avoidance is a manifestation in grammar of some much more encompassing principle, some law of nature, then how is it possible that what does and what does not count as identical in the grammars of different languages seems to be subject to considerable variation?