

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910820407703321
Autore	Liaw K. Thomas
Titolo	The business of investment banking : a comprehensive overview // K. Thomas Liaw
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Hoboken, N.J., : Wiley, c2012
ISBN	9781119202332 1119202337 9781118127650 111812765X 9781118127636 1118127633
Edizione	[3rd ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (386 p.)
Disciplina	332.66
Soggetti	Investment banking
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes index.
Nota di contenuto	Introduction to investment banking : how the financial crisis and reforms changed the industry -- New investment banking structure : financial holding companies, full-service, and boutique investment banks -- The structure of investment bank : divisions and services -- Investment banking strategies : how they compete and profit.
Sommario/riassunto	A comprehensive overview of investment banking for professionals and students The investment banking industry has changed dramatically since the 2008 financial crisis. Three of the top five investment banks in the United States have disappeared, while Goldman Sachs and Morgan Stanley have converted to commercial banking charters. This Third Edition of The Business of Investment Banking explains the changes and discusses new opportunities for students and professionals seeking to advance their careers in this intensely competitive field. The recent financial regulation

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910298312803321
Autore	Jones Clara B.
Titolo	The Evolution of Mammalian Sociality in an Ecological Perspective // by Clara B. Jones
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2014
ISBN	3-319-03931-8
Edizione	[1st ed. 2014.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (118 p.)
Collana	SpringerBriefs in Ecology, , 2192-4759
Disciplina	599.138
Soggetti	Animal ecology Ecology Evolution (Biology) Applied ecology Animal Ecology Theoretical Ecology/Statistics Evolutionary Biology Applied Ecology
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and index.
Nota di contenuto	1.Introduction: Definitions, Background -- 2. Competition For Limiting Resources, Hamilton's Rule And Chesson's R* -- 3. Flexible And Derived Varieties of Mammalian Social Organization: Promiscuity In Aggregations May Have Served As A Recent "Toolkit" Giving Rise To "Sexual Segregation", Polygynous Social Structures, Monogamy, Polyandry And Leks Abstract -- 4. Multimale-Multifemale Groups And "Nested" Architectures: Collaboration Among Mammalian Males -- 5. Higher "Grades" Of Sociality In Class Mammalia: Primitive Eusociality -- 6. Ecological Models As Working Paradigms For "Unpacking" Positive And Negative Interactions Among Social Mammals -- 7. Mechanisms Underlying The Behavioral Ecology Of Group Formation -- 8. The Evolution Of Mammalian Sociality By Sexual Selection -- 9. Proximate Causation: Functional Traits And The Ubiquity Of Signaler To Receiver Interactions: From Biochemical To Whole Organism Levels Of

## Mammalian Social Organization -- 10. Synopsis.

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### Sommario/riassunto

This brief discusses factors associated with group formation, group maintenance, group population structure, and other events and processes (e.g., physiology, behavior) related to mammalian social evolution. Within- and between-lineages, features of prehistoric and extant social mammals, patterns and linkages are discussed as components of a possible social "tool-kit". "Top-down" (predators to nutrients), as well as "bottom-up" (nutrients to predators) effects are assessed. The present synthesis also emphasizes outcomes of Hebbian (synaptic) decisions on Malthusian parameters (growth rates of populations) and their consequences for (shifting) mean fitnesses of populations. Ecology and evolution (EcoEvo) are connected via the organism's "norms of reaction" (genotype x environment interactions; life-history tradeoffs of reproduction, survival, and growth) exposed to selection, with the success of genotypes influenced by intensities of selection as well as neutral (e.g. mutation rates) and stochastic effects. At every turn, life history trajectories are assumed to arise from "decisions" made by types responding to competition for limiting resources constrained by Hamilton's rule (inclusive fitness operations).

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