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Glasnost; Mellowing of the Power Struggle among the Children of the Revolution; Constitutional Politics of the Perestroika; Clerical Councils versus the Majles; Trapped in Their Own Rhetoric and Abandoned 6 Social and Political Consequences of the Integrative RevolutionIran's New Political Class; Social Stratification and Economic Inequality; Urbanization and Migration; Social Mobility through Education and the Mobilization of Women; Consequences of the Iranian Perestroika: Provincial Autonomy, Local Politics, and Presidential Populism; 7 Iran's Foreign Policy: From the Export of Revolution to Pragmatism; The Gulf War as a Turning Point; Transition to Pragmatism in Foreign Policy: Both South and North; The United States Rebuffs Hashemi-Rafsanjani and Woos Khatami Too Late 8 Iran's New Political Class and the Ahmadinejad PresidencyRise of the Revolutionary Guards and Ahmadinejad's Election; The Leader's Little Man Becomes His Own with a Little Help from the Hidden Imam; Populism and the Revival of Islamic Revolutionism; Ahmadinejad's Relations with the Clerical Elite, the Majles, and His Own Stratum; The Revolutionary Guards' Electoral Coup to End the Republic and Inaugurate Clerical Monarchy; 9 Khomeini's Successor: Ayatollah Khamenei as the Leader of the Islamic Republic of Iran; Neopatrimonial Domination and Growing into the Office of Leadership The Supreme Jurist and the Subjugation of the Shi'ite HierarchyProtecting the Islamic Revolution against Cultural Invasion by the West; Growth of the Leader's Personal Power: His Pick from the Second Stratum; Clerical Monarchy: Who Guards the Guardians?; 10 The Hardliners, Foreign Policy and Nuclear Development; Foreign Policy Cartels and the Failure of Pragmatism; President Ahmadinejad's Hardliner Populism and Nuclear Policy; Overview of Post-revolutionary Foreign Policy; Conclusion; Appendix: Two Models of Revolution; Notes; References; Index; A; B; C; D; E; F; G; H; I; J; K; L; M; N; O; P Q

Sommario/riassunto

For many Americans, Iran is our most dangerous enemy--part of George W. Bush's ""axis of evil"" even before the appearance of Ahmadinejad. But what is the reality? How did Ahmadinejad rise to power, and how much power does he really have? What are the chances of normalizing relations with Iran? In *After Khomeini*, Said Amir Arjomand paints a subtle and perceptive portrait of contemporary Iran. This work, a sequel to Arjomand's acclaimed *The Turban for the Crown*, examines Iran under the successors of Ayatollah Khomeini up to the present day. He begins, as the Islamic Republic did, with Khomeini,
