Record Nr. UNINA9910819198103321 Endocrine therapies in breast cancer / / edited by Aman U. Buzdar Titolo Oxford;; New York,: Oxford University Press, 2007 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-19-173987-1 0-19-960699-4 1-283-58075-6 9786613893208 0-19-157517-8 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (129 p.) Collana Oxford oncology library Altri autori (Persone) BuzdarAman U 616.99/449071 Disciplina Soggetti Breast - Cancer - Hormone therapy Breast - Cancer - Endocrine aspects Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Contents; Contributors; 1 Selection of patients for endocrine therapies; 2 Ovarian ablation; 3 Antioestrogens; 4 Aromatase inhibitors in early and advanced disease; 5 Fulvestrant in metastatic disease; 6 Progestins and androgens; 7 Combined endocrine and chemotherapy in breast cancer; 8 Hormone replacement therapy in patients with a prior history of breast cancer; 9 Chemoprevention; Index; A; B; C; D; E; F; G; H; I; L; M; N; O; P; R; S; T; V; W; Z Breast cancer is one of the leading causes of cancer mortality in women Sommario/riassunto worldwide, and the risk of disease recurrence continues despite improvements in screening and treatment. For patients with hormone receptor-positive breast cancer, some form of endocrine therapy is central to the management of their disease. Tamoxifen has long been the mainstay of endocrine therapy in this group of patients. However, there is mounting evidence showing that the aromatase inhibitors are able toreduce overall oestrogen levels and appear to be better tolerated over a long term than tamoxifen. New and emerging