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Nota di contenuto	Introduction: Pursuing trade liberalization in a post-Doha world -- The world trading system under GATT and the WTO, 1947-2012 -- The Doha round failure and the likely demise of the "single undertaking" -- Assisting developing nations with duty-free, quota-free market access, trade facilitation, and related initiatives -- Preserving the environment: fisheries subsidies and trade in environmental goods -- New and expanded plurilateral agreements (part I) -- New and expanded plurilateral agreements (part II): an international services agreement -- Continued proliferation of regional trade agreements -- Widening and deepening (or disregarding) existing RTAs -- Concluding new and pending RTAs (part I) -- Concluding new and pending RTAs (part II): the Trans-Pacific partnership -- Unilateral approaches to trade and

market liberalization -- Conclusions and the crystal ball.

Sommario/riassunto

After ten years the Doha Development Round is effectively dead. Although some have suggested that Doha's demise threatens the continued existence of the GATT/WTO system, even with some risks of increasing protectionism, the United States, the European Union, Japan, Brazil, China and India, among others, have too much to lose to make abandoning the WTO a rational option. There are alternatives to a comprehensive package of new or amended multilateral agreements, including existing and future 'plurilateral' trade agreements, new or revised regional trade agreements covering both goods and services, and liberalized national trade laws and regulations in the WTO member nations. This book discusses these alternatives, which although less than ideal, may provide an impetus for continuing trade liberalization both among willing members and in some instances worldwide.
