

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910818417003321
Autore	Heaton Matthew M
Titolo	Black skin, white coats : Nigerian psychiatrists, decolonization, and the globalization of psychiatry // Matthew M. Heaton
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Athens, Ohio : , : Ohio University Press, , 2013
ISBN	0-8214-4473-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (265 p.)
Collana	New African histories
Disciplina	362.209669
Soggetti	Psychiatry - Nigeria - History Cultural psychiatry - Nigeria Mentally ill - Care - Nigeria - History Mental illness - Treatment - Nigeria - History Nigeria Colonial influence Health aspects History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di contenuto	Introduction: Colonizing, decolonizing, and globalizing the history of psychiatry -- Colonial institutions and networks of ethnopsychiatry -- Decolonizing psychiatric institutions and networks -- Mentally ill Nigerian immigrants in the United Kingdom : the international dimensions of decolonizing psychiatry -- Schizophrenia, depression, and "brain-fag syndrome" : diagnosis and the boundaries of culture -- Gatekeepers of the mind : psychotherapy and "traditional" healers -- The paradoxes of psychoactive drugs -- Conclusion: Nigerian psychiatrists and the globalization of psychiatry.
Sommario/riassunto	Black Skin, White Coats is a history of psychiatry in Nigeria from the 1950's to the 1980's. Working in the contexts of decolonization and anti-colonial nationalism, Nigerian psychiatrists sought to replace racist colonial psychiatric theories about the psychological inferiority of Africans with a universal and egalitarian model focusing on broad psychological similarities across cultural and racial boundaries. Particular emphasis is placed on Dr. T. Adeoye Lambo, the first indigenous Nigerian to earn a specialty degree in psychiatry in the United Kingdom in 1954. Lambo returned to Nigeria to be

