1. Record Nr. UNINA9910818353103321 Autore Shekel Moshe Titolo The timing of income recognition in tax law and the time value of money / / Moshe Shekel Oxon; New York, N.Y.:, : Routledge-Cavendish, , 2009 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-134-02195-X 1-134-02194-1 1-282-37325-0 9786612373251 0-203-87967-8 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (366 p.) Disciplina 343.05/2 Soggetti Income tax - Law and legislation - Great Britain Income tax - Law and legislation - United States Income tax - Law and legislation - Israel Income tax - Accounting - Law and legislation - Great Britain Income tax - Accounting - Law and legislation - United States Income tax - Accounting - Law and legislation - Israel Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto The purpose of financial accounting and the concept of prudence --The distinction between income, revenue, and gain -- Revenue recognition -- Expense recognition -- Advances and deposits --Accounting background: summary and comments -- General tax values -- The time value of money theory -- Tax values relevant to the question of timing: summary and comments -- The dualistic doctrine and the singular doctrine -- The reporting methods -- Between GAAP and fiscal accounting: U.K. tax law -- Between GAAP and fiscal accounting: U.S. tax law -- Between GAAP and fiscal accounting: Israeli tax law -- Between GAAP and fiscal accounting: summary and comment -- The loan approach and the income approach -- Timing of recognition of deposits as 'income': U.K. tax law -- Timing of

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Sommario/riassunto

Time itself creates advantages and disadvantages in the field of taxation. The timing of the recognition of income and expenses for tax purposes has two main implications: firstly, for the timing of the collection of tax, and secondly, for the question of quantification, i.e., how to ensure that the difference between the timing of the recognition of income or expenses, as opposed to the respective dates on which the amounts are actually received or paid, does not distort the determination of the amount of chargeable income. The time component is a weapon in the confrontation between