Record Nr. UNINA9910818329403321 Autore Mac Sweeney Naoise <1982-> Titolo Foundation myths and politics in ancient Ionia / / by Naoise Mac Sweeney [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2013 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-108-72996-7 1-107-46137-5 1-139-89267-3 1-107-47216-4 1-107-46858-2 1-107-46508-7 1-139-77541-3 1-107-47317-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xiv, 239 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Collana Cambridge classical studies 939/.23 Disciplina City-states - Ionia (Turkey and Greece) - History - To 1500 Soggetti Extinct cities - Ionia (Turkey and Greece) Ionia (Turkey and Greece) History Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and indexes. Nota di contenuto 1. Introduction: identity and the construction of cultural difference --2. Foundation myths and politics -- 3. Ionia -- 4. Miletus: violence and bloodshed -- 5. Chios and Samos: land and island -- 6. Colophon and Ephesus: founding mothers -- 7. Being Ionian: the Ionian League, Ionian migrations, and Smyrna -- 8. Conclusions. Sommario/riassunto This book examines foundation myths told about the Ionian cities during the archaic and classical periods. It uses these myths to explore the complex and changing ways in which civic identity was constructed in Ionia, relating this to the wider discourses about ethnicity and cultural difference that were current in the Greek world at this time. The Ionian cities seem to have rejected oppositional models of cultural difference which set in contrast East and West, Europe and Asia, Greek and Barbarian, opting instead for a more fluid and nuanced perspective

on ethnic and cultural distinctions. The conclusions of this book have far-reaching implications for our understanding of Ionia, but also challenge current models of Greek ethnicity and identity, suggesting that there was a more diverse conception of Greekness in antiquity than has often been assumed.