Record Nr. UNINA9910817912703321 Romanesque renaissance: Carolingian, Byzantine and Romanesque **Titolo** buildings (800-1200) as a source for new all'antica architecture in Early Modern Europe (1400-1700) / / edited by Konrad Adriaan Ottenheym Leiden;; Boston:,: Brill,, 2021 Pubbl/distr/stampa 90-04-44662-1 **ISBN** Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (456 pages) NIKI Studies in Netherlandish-Italian Art History:: Volume 14 Collana Disciplina 720.94 Soggetti Architecture and history - Europe Architecture - Europe - Aesthetics Revival movements (Art) - Europe Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di contenuto Il ruolo della memoria normanna nella cultura architettonica siciliana della prima eta moderna / Stefano Piazza -- Polish architecture 'more vetusto ... murata': references to Romanesque buildings in the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth before 1600 / Barbara Arciszewska --Byzantine cupolas and the myth of the 'ancient origins' of Venice / Hubertus Gunther -- Text and form : the beginnings of architectural history and architectural aesthetics in the far north / Kristoffer Neville. Sommario/riassunto "From the fifteenth century onwards scholars and architects investigated age-old buildings in order to look for useful sources of inspiration. They too, occasionally misinterpreted younger buildings as proofs of majestic Roman or other ancient glory, such as the buildings of the Carolingian, Ottonian and Stauffer emperors. But even if the correct age of a certain building was known, buildings from c. 800 -1200 were sometimes regarded as 'Antique' architecture, since the concept of 'Antiquity' was far more stretched than our modern periodisation allows. This was a Europe-wide phenomenon. The results are rather diverse in style, but they all share an intellectual and artistic strategy: a conscious revival of an 'ancient' architecture- whatever the date and origin of these models"--