1. Record Nr. UNINA9910817010603321 Autore Dowdy G. Wayne **Titolo** Crusades for freedom [[electronic resource]]: Memphis and the political transformation of the American South / / G. Wayne Dowdy Jackson,: University Press of Mississippi, 2010 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-283-43448-2 9786613434487 1-60473-424-8 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (200 p.) Disciplina 976.8/19053 African Americans - Tennessee - Memphis - Politics and government -Soggetti 20th century Memphis (Tenn.) Politics and government 20th century Memphis (Tenn.) Race relations History 20th century Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 173-177) and index. Nota di contenuto Contents; Preface; Acknowledgments; 1. "We Are Living in a Different Day"; 2. "My Family Ties in the South"; 3. "All the Cooperation We Can Muster"; 4. "Why Didn't Someone Tell Us This Before?"; 5. "To Compel the White Race": 6. "Please Don't Do That": 7. "A Great Movement Here in Memphis"; Afterword; Appendix A. Memphis City Government, 1948-1968; Appendix B. Election Returns; Notes; Bibliography; Index; A; B; C; D; E; F; G; H; I; J; K; L; M; N; O; P; R; S; T; U; V; W During the first half of the twentieth century, the city of Memphis was Sommario/riassunto governed by the Shelby County Democratic Party controlled by Edward Hull Crump, described by Time magazine as ""the most absolute political boss in the U.S."" Crusades for Freedom chronicles the demise of the Crump political machine and the corresponding rise to power of the South's two minorities, African Americans and Republicans. Between the years 1948 and 1968, Memphis emerged as a battleground in the struggle to create a strong two-party South. For the first time in its history, both Republican and Democratic president