1. Record Nr. UNINA9910816767603321

Autore	Fahey Jacqueline
Titolo	Before I forget / / Jacqueline Fahey
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Auckland, New Zealand : , : Auckland University Press, , 2012
ISBN	1-77558-511-5 1-86940-582-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (222 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	FaheyJacqueline
Disciplina	222
Soggetti	Painters - New Zealand
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	COVER; Dedication; CONTENTS; PREFACE; ONE: Now and Then; TWO: Revelations and Lost Bits; THREE: Meeting Rita Angus; FOUR: Not Going Quietly into That Dark Night; FIVE: Mum's Winter of Despair; SIX: The Time of Day; SEVEN: The Life of the Artist as Wife and Mother; EIGHT: Jack in the Box; NINE: The Chelsea Hotel; TEN: Goya's Demons; ELEVEN: The Expensive Hotel with Rather Strange Inhabitants; TWELVE: Titirangi; THIRTEEN: My Postgrad; FOURTEEN: Adjusting Attitudes in the Life Class; FIFTEEN: 'Old Age is not for Sissies'; SIXTEEN: Down in Grey Lynn SEVENTEEN: Showing in the Museum of Contemporary Art in LA and Never Getting ThereEIGHTEEN: Just One of Those Things; NINETEEN: Hello and Goodbye; References; Copyright
Sommario/riassunto	The second volume of memoir by New Zealand artist, feminist, and writer Jacqueline Fahey, this book kicks off after her marriage to celebrated psychiatrist Fraser McDonald. As it recounts Fahey's battles against conventional society to shape a life as an artist as well as a wife and mother, this narrative describes her experience in New Zealand and Australian mental hospitals and art schools, and her friendships with Rita Angus and Eric McCormick. Hilarious, opinionated, and fiery, this account is held together by the inimitable voice of a fierc

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910349465503321

Titolo	Progranulin and Central Nervous System Disorders / / edited by Hideaki Hara, Masato Hosokawa, Shinsuke Nakamura, Takayoshi Shimohata, Masugi Nishihara
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : Springer Singapore : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2019
ISBN	981-13-6186-X
Edizione	[1st ed. 2019.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (VII, 183 p. 37 illus., 13 illus. in color.)
Disciplina	611.01816
Soggetti	Medical genetics Molecular biology Proteins Neurosciences Gene Function Molecular Medicine Protein Science
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Chapter 1. Molecular and Functional Properties of Progranulin -- Chapter 2. Progranulin as a biomarker for neurodegenerative diseases -- Chapter 3. PGRN and FTLD -- Chapter 4. PGRN and neurodegenerative diseases other than FTLD -- Chapter 5. Progranulin Regulations of Lysosomal Homeostasis and its Involvement in Neurodegenerative Diseases -- Chapter 6. Molecular and Functional Properties of Progranulin -- Chapter 7. PGRN and neuroinflammation -- Chapter 8. Neural Stem/Progenitor Cells and Progranulin -- Chapter 9. Generation and phenotyping of progranulin-deficient mice -- Chapter 10. Pleiotropic protective effects of progranulin in the treatment of ischemic stroke -- Chapter 11. New therapeutic approaches against ocular diseases.
Sommario/riassunto	This book presents the latest knowledge on the roles of progranulin (PGRN) in normal physiology and pathology and explores the emerging significance of PGRN as a therapeutic target and biomarker in various CNS disorders, including frontotemporal lobe degeneration and other

neurodegenerative diseases. Following initial recognition of the importance of PGRN in sexual differentiation of the developing brain and adult neurogenesis, it was subsequently discovered that PGRN acts as a chaperone of lysosomal enzymes and plays a crucial role in maintaining cellular protein homeostasis. It has also been found that sex steroids modulate the expression of PGRN and its trophic effects in the developing CNS and that PGRN directly or indirectly influences neural stem and progenitor cells. Against this background, deeper understanding of the molecular and functional properties of PGRN would provide fresh impetus for the development of mechanism-based therapeutic approaches for multiple disorders. Medications targeting the recovery of lysosomal function appear to hold particular promise in patients with neurodegenerative diseases resulting from PGRN insufficiency. In examining multiple aspects of this fascinating field, the book will be of high value for researchers and graduate students.