Record Nr. UNINA9910816363203321 Baltic eugenics: bio-politics, race and nation in interwar Estonia, Latvia **Titolo** and Lithuania, 1918-1940 / / edited by Bjorn M. Felder & Paul J. Weindling Amsterdam:,: Rodopi,, 2013 Pubbl/distr/stampa 94-012-0976-6 **ISBN** Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (336 p.) Collana On the boundary of two worlds: identity, freedom, and moral imagination in the Baltics;; 35 Altri autori (Persone) FelderBjorn M WeindlingPaul J 362.109496 Disciplina Soggetti **Eugenics - Baltic States** Estonia Politics and government 1918-1940 Latvia Politics and government 1918-1940 Lithuania Politics and government 1918-1940 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references. Nota di bibliografia part 1. Eugenics in the Baltics -- part 2. Eugenics in the Baltic Sea Nota di contenuto Region. Sommario/riassunto The history of eugenics in the Baltic States is largely unknown. The book compares for the first time the eugenic projects of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania and the related disciplines of racial anthropology and psychiatry, and situates them within the wider European context. Strong ethno-nationalism defined the nation as a biological group, which was fostered by authoritarian regimes established in Lithuania in 1926, and in Estonia and Latvia in 1934. The eugenics projects were designed to establish a nation in biological terms. Their aims were to render the nation ethnically, genetically and racially homogeneous. The main agenda was a non-democratic state that defined its population in biological terms. Eugenic policies were to regenerate the nation and to

reconstruct it as a "pure" and "original" race, Such schemes for national

regeneration contained strong elements of secular religion.