1. Record Nr. UNINA9910815607603321 Autore Nomura Kichisaburo <1877-1964.> Titolo The occupation-era correspondence of Kichisaburo Nomura / compiled, edited, and with an introduction by Peter Mauch; [foreword by James E. Auerl Folkestone, Kent, UK:,: Global Oriental,, 2010 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-48617-9 1-283-26575-3 9786612486173 9786613265753 90-04-21292-2 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (260 p.) Collana Brill eBook titles 2010 Altri autori (Persone) AuerJames E MauchPeter (Peter Cameron) Disciplina 952 952.044 Soggetti Admirals - Japan Diplomats - Japan Japan Foreign relations United States Sources Japan History Allied occupation, 1945-1952 Sources United States Foreign relations Japan Sources Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Preliminary Material / P. Mauch -- Introduction / P. Mauch -- Part I. The Early Occupation Period, 1945–1947 / P. Mauch -- Part 2. The Cold War And Japan's Economic Revival, 1948 / P. Mauch -- Part 3. The Cold War And Japanese Security, January 1949-May 1950 / P. Mauch -- Part 4. The Korean War And Japanese Security, June 1950-August 1951 / P. Mauch -- Part 5. Japanese Independence And Defensibility, September 1951-December 1952 / P. Mauch -- Notes / P. Mauch -- Bibliography / P. Mauch -- Index / P. Mauch. This book is based on the recent discovery of the personal papers of Sommario/riassunto Kichisaburo Nomura – Japanese admiral, one-time foreign minister,

pre-Pearl Harbor ambassador to the United States, and "spiritual

godfather" of postwar Japan's Maritime Self-Defense Force. The volume reproduces Nomura's occupation-era correspondence with his American friends and associates, including Navy Secretary Daniel Kimball, SCAP Political Advisor William Sebald, former ambassadors William Castle and Joseph Grew, Army and Navy Journal owner John Callan O'Laughlin, as well as Admirals William Pratt, Arleigh Burke, Charles Turner Joy, Ralph Oftsie, and Harold Martin. The correspondence is extraordinarily revealing, and provides rich insights into domestic conditions in occupied Japan, U.S. policies toward occupied Japan, the Cold War in Asia, and Japan's eventual rearmament. In this way, the book enables readers to confront for themselves a hitherto largely neglected attempt at defining and cementing the post-WWII Japanese-U.S. partnership.