1. Record Nr. UNINA9910815468103321 Autore Steinhauser M. O (Martin Oliver) Titolo Computer simulation in physics and engineering / / Martin Oliver Steinhauser Berlin, : Walter de Gruyter GmbH & Co. KG, 2013 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-68015-205-X 3-11-025606-1 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (532 p.) Classificazione SK 955 Disciplina 530.01/13 Physics - Data processing Soggetti Physics - Computer simulation Engineering - Data processing Engineering - Computer simulation Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Preface -- Contents -- List of Algorithms -- Chapter 1. Introduction to computer simulation -- Chapter 2. Scientific Computing in C -- Chapter 3. Fundamentals of statistical physics -- Chapter 4. Inter- and intramolecular potentials -- Chapter 5. Molecular Dynamics simulations -- Chapter 6. Monte Carlo simulations -- Chapter 7. Advanced topics, and applications in soft matter -- Appendix A. The software development life cycle -- Appendix B. Installation guide to Cygwin -- Appendix C. Introduction to the UNIX/Linux programming environment -- Appendix D. Sample program listings -- Appendix E. Reserved keywords in C -- Appendix F. Functions of the standard library <string.h> -- Appendix G. Elementary combinatorial problems -- Appendix H. Some useful constants -- Appendix I. Installing the GNU Scientific Library, GSL -- Appendix J. Standard header files of the ANSI-C library -- Appendix K. The central limit theorem --Bibliography -- Glossary of Acronyms -- Index -- Authors

Sommario/riassunto

This work is a needed reference for widely used techniques and methods of computer simulation in physics and other disciplines, such as materials science. Molecular dynamics computes a molecule's reactions and dynamics based on physical models; Monte Carlo uses

random numbers to image a system's behaviour when there are different possible outcomes with related probabilities. The work conveys both the theoretical foundations as well as applications and "tricks of the trade", that often are scattered across various papers. Thus it will meet a need and fill a gap for every scientist who needs computer simulations for his/her task at hand. In addition to being a reference, case studies and exercises for use as course reading are included.