1. Record Nr. UNINA9910815321003321
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Titolo The shtetl : new evaluations // edited by Steven T. Katz

Pubbl/distr/stampa New York, : New York University Press, c2007

ISBN 0-8147-4862-7

0-8147-9011-9 1-4356-0730-9

Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (336 p.)

Collana Elie Wiesel Center for Judaic Studies series

Disciplina 305.892/4043709041

Soggetti Jews - Europe, Eastern - Social conditions

Jews - Europe, Central - Social conditions

ShtetIs

Europe, Eastern Ethnic relations Europe, Central Ethnic relations

Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese

Formato Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico Monografia

Note generali Description based upon print version of record.

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## Sommario/riassunto

Dating from the sixteenth century, there were hundreds of shtetls—Jewish settlements-in Eastern Europe that were home to a large and compact population that differed from their gentile, mostly peasant neighbors in religion, occupation, language, and culture. The shtetls were different in important respects from previous types of Jewish settlements in the Diaspora in that Jews had rarely formed a majority in the towns in which they lived. This was not true of the shtetl, where Jews sometimes comprised 80% or more of the population. While the shtetl began to decline during the course of the nine