1. Record Nr. UNINA9910814979103321 Autore Bacciagaluppi Marco Titolo Paradigms in Psychoanalysis: An Integration / / by Marco Bacciagaluppi Pubbl/distr/stampa Boca Raton, FL:,: Routledge,, [2018] ©2012 **ISBN** 0-429-91714-7 0-429-90291-3 0-429-47814-3 1-280-12579-9 9786613529657 1-84940-975-7 Edizione [First edition.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (321 p.) Disciplina 131.34 150.195 Psychoanalysis Soggetti Paradigms (Social sciences) Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. COVER: CONTENTS: ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS: ABOUT THE AUTHOR: Nota di contenuto FOREWORD; Introduction; CHAPTER ONE Genetics; CHAPTER TWO Neurobiology; CHAPTER THREE Attachment theory; CHAPTER FOUR Infant research; CHAPTER FIVE Trauma; CHAPTER SIX The relational model: CHAPTER SEVEN The family system: CHAPTER EIGHT The sociocultural level; CHAPTER NINE Prehistory; Conclusion; REFERENCES; **INDEX** Sommario/riassunto This book aims at making explicit the scientific theories, termed paradigms, that the author has found useful in psychoanalysis. It lists nine paradigms: genetics, neurobiology, attachment theory, infant research, trauma, their relational model, the family system, the sociocultural level, and prehistory. These nine paradigms are presented in as many chapters. Special attention is devoted to attachment theory, which the author considers to be the most powerful conceptual tool at

the disposal of the psychoanalyst. He also covers trauma, the relational

model - with special reference to Ferenczi, Bowlby and Fromm. He explores the effect of cultural evolution, with the advent of agriculture, on family and character structures and the resulting discontinuity with the individual, or group's inborn needs, giving rise to an unnatural environment, and thus to psychopathology and pathology at a social level, such as war. The consequence of these combined factors gives rise to the need for psychotherapy, this is explored, together with the role of the therapist and the therapy of psychoses,