Record Nr.	UNINA9910814832803321
Autore	Epstein Charles L
Titolo	Degenerate diffusion operators arising in population biology / / Charles L. Epstein and Rafe Mazzeo
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Princeton, : Princeton University Press, 2013
ISBN	1-4008-4718-4 1-299-05145-6 1-4008-4610-2
Edizione	[Course Book]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (321 p.)
Collana	Annals of mathematics studies ; ; number 185
Classificazione	SI 830
Altri autori (Persone)	MazzeoRafe
Disciplina	577.8/801519233
Soggetti	Elliptic operators
	Markov processes
	Population biology - Mathematical models
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter Contents Preface Chapter 1. Introduction Part I. Wright-Fisher Geometry and the Maximum Principle Chapter 2. Wright-Fisher Geometry Chapter 3. Maximum Principles and Uniqueness Theorems Part II. Analysis of Model Problems Chapter 4. The Model Solution Operators Chapter 5. Degenerate Hölder Spaces Chapter 6. Hölder Estimates for the 1-dimensional Model Problems Chapter 7. Hölder Estimates for Higher Dimensional Corner Models Chapter 8. Hölder Estimates for Euclidean Models Chapter 9. Hölder Estimates for General Models Part III. Analysis of Generalized Kimura Diffusions Chapter 10. Existence of Solutions Chapter 11. The Resolvent Operator Chapter 12. The Semi-group on °(P) Appendix A: Proofs of Estimates for the Degenerate 1-d Model Bibliography Index
Sommario/riassunto	This book provides the mathematical foundations for the analysis of a class of degenerate elliptic operators defined on manifolds with corners, which arise in a variety of applications such as population genetics, mathematical finance, and economics. The results discussed in this book prove the uniqueness of the solution to the Martingale problem and therefore the existence of the associated Markov process.

1.

Charles Epstein and Rafe Mazzeo use an "integral kernel method" to develop mathematical foundations for the study of such degenerate elliptic operators and the stochastic processes they define. The precise nature of the degeneracies of the principal symbol for these operators leads to solutions of the parabolic and elliptic problems that display novel regularity properties. Dually, the adjoint operator allows for rather dramatic singularities, such as measures supported on high codimensional strata of the boundary. Epstein and Mazzeo establish the uniqueness, existence, and sharp regularity properties for solutions to the homogeneous and inhomogeneous heat equations, as well as a complete analysis of the resolvent operator acting on Hölder spaces. They show that the semigroups defined by these operators have holomorphic extensions to the right half-plane. Epstein and Mazzeo also demonstrate precise asymptotic results for the long-time behavior of solutions to both the forward and backward Kolmogorov equations.