1. Record Nr. UNINA9910814180503321 Autore Whaley Gray H Titolo Oregon and the collapse of Illahee: U.S. empire and the transformation of an indigenous world, 1792-1859 / / Gray H. Whaley Chapel Hill,: University of North Carolina Press, c2010 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 979-88-9313-294-6 1-4696-0397-7 0-8078-9831-7 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (316 p.) First peoples: new directions in indigenous studies Collana Disciplina 979.5004/97 Soggetti Indians of North America - Oregon - History Indians of North America - Government relations - 1789-1869 Indians, Treatment of - Oregon - History Whites - Oregon - Relations with Indians Oregon Race relations Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Introduction: historical constructions of Oregon and Illahee -- So many little sovereignties, 1792-1822 -- Disastrous times we had : expansions and epidemic, 1821-1834 -- A vital experimental religion: the Methodist mission colony of lower Oregon, 1834-1844 -- Trophies for God: from mission colony to American colony, 1840-1845 -- The colonization of Illahee, 1843-1851 -- Polaklie Illahee (land of darkness): identity and genocidal culture in Oregon -- Extermination and empire: money, politics, and the Oregon wars, 1855-1856 --Conclusion: Illahee, "Indian colonies", and the paternalist state. Modern western Oregon was a crucial site of imperial competition in Sommario/riassunto North America during the formative decades of the United States. In this book, Gray Whaley examines relations among newcomers and between newcomers and Native peoples--focusing on political sovereignty, religion, trade, sexuality, and the land--from initial encounters to Oregon's statehood. He emphasizes Native perspectives, using the Chinook word Illahee (homeland) to refer to the indigenous

world he examines. Whaley argues that the process of Oregon's

founding is best understood as a contest between the Britis