Record Nr. UNINA9910813976603321 Autore Gallagher Mary Elizabeth <1969-> Titolo Contagious capitalism: globalization and the politics of labor in China // Mary Elizabeth Gallagher Princeton, N.J.,: Princeton University Press, c2005 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-283-13336-9 9786613133366 1-4008-3729-4 Edizione [Course Book] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (257 p.) Disciplina 330.951 Investments, Foreign - Government policy - China Soggetti Investments, Foreign - Political aspects - China Labor - China Capitalism - China Globalization - Economic aspects - China China Commercial policy China Politics and government 1976-2002 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Revision of the author's thesis (Ph.D.)--Princeton University, 2001. "Third printing, and first paperback printing, 2007." Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Front matter -- Contents -- List of Illustrations -- Acknowledgments -- List of Abbreviations -- Chapter 1. Introduction -- Chapter 2. Contagious Capitalism -- Chapter 3. Blurring Boundaries: Foreign Direct Investment and the Evolution of Enterprise Ownership in China -- Chapter 4. The Unmitigated Market -- Chapter 5. "Use the Law as Your Weapon!" -- Chapter 6. From State-owned to National Industry --Conclusion. The Contradiction of "Reform and Openness" -- Appendix: Firms and Interviews -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index One of the core assumptions of recent American foreign policy is that Sommario/riassunto China's post-1978 policy of "reform and openness" will lead to political liberalization. This book challenges that assumption and the general relationship between economic liberalization and democratization.

Moreover, it analyzes the effect of foreign direct investment (FDI)

liberalization on Chinese labor politics. Market reforms and increased integration with the global economy have brought about unprecedented economic growth and social change in China during the last quarter of a century. Contagious Capitalism contends that FDI liberalization played several roles in the process of China's reforms. First, it placed competitive pressure on the state sector to produce more efficiently, thus necessitating new labor practices. Second, it allowed difficult and politically sensitive labor reforms to be extended to other parts of the economy. Third, it caused a reformulation of one of the key ideological debates of reforming socialism: the relative importance of public industry. China's growing integration with the global economy through FDI led to a new focus of debate--away from the public vs. private industry dichotomy and toward a nationalist concern for the fate of Chinese industry. In comparing China with other Eastern European and Asian economies, two important considerations come into play, the book argues: China's pattern of ownership diversification and China's mode of integration into the global economy. This book relates these two factors to the success of economic change without political liberalization and addresses the way FDI liberalization has affected relations between workers and the ruling Communist Party. Its conclusion: reform and openness in this context resulted in a strengthened Chinese state, a weakened civil society (especially labor), and a delay in political liberalization.