1. Record Nr. UNINA9910813903303321 Autore Hoover Green Amelia Titolo The commander's dilemma: violence and restraint in wartime // Amelia Hoover Green Pubbl/distr/stampa Ithaca;; London:,: Cornell University Press,, 2018 **ISBN** 1-5017-2648-X Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (1 online resource.) Collana Cornell scholarship online 355.3/3041 Disciplina Political violence - Psychological aspects Soggetti Command of troops - Psychological aspects Civilians in war - Violence against - El Salvador Control (Psychology) Political violence - El Salvador - History - 20th century Political socialization - El Salvador - History - 20th century Civilians in war - Violence against El Salvador Politics and government 1979-1992 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Based on the author's thesis (Ph.D.)--Yale University, 2011. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Introduction: repertoires and restraint -- The commander's dilemma -- Setting the context : the history of El Salvador's civil war --Comparing state and FMLN institutions and ideologies -- FMLN institutions and ideologies in depth -- Repertoires of violence in the Salvadoran civil war, 1980-1992 -- The commander's dilemma beyond El Salvador. Sommario/riassunto Why do some military and rebel groups commit many types of violence, creating an impression of senseless chaos, whereas others carefully control violence against civilians? A classic catch-22 faces the leaders of armed groups and provides the title for Amelia Hoover Green's book. Leaders need large groups of people willing to kill and maim-but to do so only under strict control. How can commanders control violence when fighters who are not under direct supervision experience extraordinary stress, fear, and anger? The Commander's Dilemma argues that discipline is not enough in wartime. Restraint occurs when

fighters know why they are fighting and believe in the cause-that is,

when commanders invest in political education. Drawing on extraordinary evidence about state and nonstate groups in El Salvador, and extending her argument to the Mano River wars in Liberia and Sierra Leone, Amelia Hoover Green shows that investments in political education can improve human rights outcomes even where rational incentives for restraint are weak-and that groups whose fighters lack a sense of purpose may engage in massive violence even where incentives for restraint are strong. Hoover Green concludes that high levels of violence against civilians should be considered a "default setting," not an aberration.