1. Record Nr. UNINA9910813816303321 Autore Egoume Bossogo Philippe Tax, Welfare, and Pension Reforms in Slovenia:: Implications for Work Titolo Incentives and Labor Participation / / Philippe Egoume Bossogo, Anita Tuladhar Washington, D.C.:,: International Monetary Fund,, 2006 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-4623-2053-8 1-4527-7737-3 1-282-60663-8 9786613822680 1-4519-1011-8 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (35 p.) Collana **IMF** Working Papers Altri autori (Persone) TuladharAnita Soggetti Labor supply - Slovenia Public welfare - Slovenia Income tax - Slovenia Pensions - Slovenia Early retirement - Slovenia Labor Macroeconomics Public Finance Nonwage Labor Costs and Benefits **Private Pensions** Wages, Compensation, and Labor Costs: General Social Security and Public Pensions Labor Economics: General Retirement Retirement Policies Labour income economics Pensions Wages Pension spending Labor economics Slovenia, Republic of

Lingua di pubblicazione

Inglese

Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"December 2006."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 28-29).
Nota di contenuto	""Contents""; ""I. INTRODUCTION""; ""II. RETIREMENT INCENTIVES IN THE PUBLIC PENSION SYSTEM"; ""III. LABOR PARTICIPATION AND TAX AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS IN SLOVENIA""; "IV. CONCLUSION""; ""References""; ""APPENDIX I. PUBLIC PENSIONS SYSTEM PARAMETERS""; ""APPENDIX II. LIFE EXPECTANCY""; ""APPENDIX III. TAXATION AND BENEFITS RELATED TO JOB STATUS""
Sommario/riassunto	The labor participation rate in Slovenia has been lower than in the EU-15 (the members states prior to May 2004), particularly for the low-income and older individuals. Using simulations of tax and social benefits and public pensions, the paper shows how the current tax, welfare, and pension systems create disincentives to work among these groups. The paper finds that incentives to retire early are strong for men, especially low-wage earners. The marginal effective tax rates also make it costly for low-income individuals to work and negatively affect the probability of participating. The paper proposes reform measures to enhance work incentives and labor participation, which will be crucial for dealing with population aging and for achieving higher potential growth in Slovenia.