1. Record Nr. UNINA9910813694703321

Autore Lissovolik Bogdan

Titolo Competitiveness in the Southern Euro Area : : France, Greece, Italy,

Portugal, and Spain / / Bogdan Lissovolik, Julio Escolano, Stefania

Fabrizio, Werner Schule, Herman Bennett, Stephen Tokarick, Yuan Xiao,

Marialuz Moreno Badia, Eva Gutierrez, Iryna Ivaschenko

Pubbl/distr/stampa Washington, D.C.:,: International Monetary Fund,, 2008

ISBN 1-4623-3057-6

1-4527-6220-1 9786612840661 1-282-84066-5 1-4518-6972-X

Edizione [1st ed.]

Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (116 p.)

Collana IMF Working Papers

IMF working paper; ; WP/08/112

Altri autori (Persone) BennettHerman

EscolanoJulio FabrizioStefania SchuleWerner TokarickStephen

XiaoYuan

Disciplina 382.6

Soggetti Exports - Europe, Southern

Competition - Europe, Southern

Choice of Technology

Competition Currency

Economic Growth of Open Economies

Empirical Studies of Trade

Export performance Exports and Imports

Exports Finance

Finance: General Financial markets Foreign Exchange Foreign exchange

General Financial Markets: General (includes Measurement and Data)

General issues

Imports

Industrial productivity

Industrialization

Infrastructure

International economics

International Finance: General

International Investment

International trade

Investments, Foreign

Long-term Capital Movements

Macroeconomics

Macroeconomics: Production

Manufacturing and Service Industries

Models of Trade with Imperfect Competition and Scale Economies

Production and Operations Management

Service exports

Technological Change: Other

Technology
Trade: General

Greece

Lingua di pubblicazione

Inglese

Formato

Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico

Monografia

Note generali

Description based upon print version of record.

Nota di bibliografia

Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters.

Nota di contenuto

Contents; I. Competitiveness of the Southern euro area: a Helicopter Tour; A. Overall Performance; Figures; I.1. World Imports of Goods and Services; Tables; I.1. Growth Indicators, 1996-2006; I.2. Selected Competitiveness-Related Indicators, 1996-2006.; B. Exports of Goods; I.3. Selected Competitivenss-Related Indicators: The Last Global Economic Upswing (2001-06); I.4. Change in Export Market Shares (Goods), 1996-2006; I.2. Manufacturing Export in SEA-5 and Germany, 1995-2005; I.3. Market Concentration and Relative Unit Values, 1995 and 2004; C. Exports of Services

D. Other Aspects of CompetitivenessI.4. Services Exports in SEA-5 and Germany: 1996-2005; References; Chapter I References; II. SEA-5 Exports: Wind in the Sails from Global Growth?; A. Introduction; B. Are SEA-5's Exports Benefiting from Higher Partner Growth?; II.1. SEA-5 and Key Comparators, Export Indicators, 1996-2006; II.1. SEA-5 Relative Underexporting Ranking, 2005; II.2. Exports to 43 Dynamic Economies, 2000-05; II.3. Gaps with Fast Growers' World Import Share Gains, 2000-05.; II.4. Lagging Export Growth to Fast Growers, 2000-05 C. Are SEA-5's Exports Poised to Gain from Global Sectoral Export Trends?II.5. Share of China's Imports; II.2. Sectoral Specialization and Subsequent Growth; II.6. Average Annual U.S. Dollar Growth of World Trade in the Fastest Growing Manufacturing Sectors; D. Conclusions; II. 3. Determinants of Market Shares in Manufacturing in Large SEA-5 Countries and Germany: II.4. Relationship Between Changes in Manufacturing Export Shares and World Growth, 1995-2005; II.7. Manufacturing Exports in SEA-5 and Germany, 1995-2005; Appendixes: II.A. Definitions and Information Sources: Chapter II

References

III. Southern euro area five Countries: Trends in Value-AddedA. Introduction; B. Data and Methodology; III.1. Dynamic Rankingof Sectors: Top 10 Sectors by Real Value-Added Growth; C. Result Number 1: The SEA-5 is Moving in the Right Direction but Slower Than Others; III.2. Technological Classification of Industries; III.1. The Dynamic Content; III.2. Index of Dynamism; III.3. Technological Content; D. Result Number 2: Because of Slower Restructuring the SEA-5 May Be Missing Growth Opportunities; III.3. Restructuring and Response to Global Growth Opportunities

III.4. The Index of Technological IntensityChapter III References; IV. Are the Southern euro area Countries Advancing in the Search for New and Better Products?; A. Introduction; B. Did the Export Structure of SEA-5 Countries Evolve Over the Last Decade?; IV.1. Has the Structure of Exports of Manufacturing Products Changed?; C. Have the Product Quality and the Technological Intensity of Exports Increased?.; IV.1. Diversification of Exports of Manufacturing Products, 1994-2005; IV.2. To What Extent SEA-5 Countries Have Experienced Technology Upgrading?

IV.2. SEA-5 Countries: Does Quality Help Increase Competitiveness?

Sommario/riassunto

This collection of studies analyzes developments in nonprice external competitiveness of France, Greece, Italy, Portugal, and Spain. While France, Italy, and Portugal have experienced substantial export market share losses, Greece and Spain performed relatively well. Export market share losses appear associated with rigidities in resource allocation (sectoral, geographical, technological) relative to peers and lower productivity gains in high value-added sectors. Disaggregated analysis of goods and services export markets provides insights on aspects such as quality, market concentration, growth of destination markets, and geographical and sectoral diversification. Also, increased import penetration, offshoring and FDI could improve productivity and export performance.