Record Nr. UNINA9910813405303321 Autore Peloso Vincent C Titolo Peasants on plantations: subaltern strategies of labor and resistance in the Pisco Valley, Peru / / Vincent C. Peloso Durham, NC:,: Duke University Press,, 1999 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-8223-2246-3 0-8223-9747-1 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (277 p.) Collana Latin America otherwise Disciplina 306.3/49 306.349 Cotton plantation workers - Peru - Pisco River Valley - History Soggetti Peasants - Peru - Pisco River Valley - History Cotton trade - Peru - Pisco River Valley - Personnel management -Industrial relations - Peru - Pisco River Valley - History Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (pages 215-245) and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- CONTENTS -- List of Maps, Tables, and Figures --Preface -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction: Peasants, Plantations, and Resistance -- 1: Planters, Managers, and Consent -- 2: Indenture, Wages, and Dominance -- 3: Stagnation, Recovery, and Peasant Opportunities -- 4: Plantation Growth and Peasant Choices -- 5: Yanaconas, Mechanization, and Migrant Labor -- 6: Yanaconas, Migrants, and Political Consciousness -- Conclusion: Plantation Society and Peruvian Culture -- Notes -- Glossary -- Bibliography -- Index "Superb case study of plantation labor after the abolition of slavery Sommario/riassunto examines the Hacienda San Francisco Solano de Palto in the Pisco Valley. According to the author, peasants involved in cotton production did not submit to the usually assumed forms of domination and exploitation. Rather, they adopted a variety of strategies including long-term labor contracts and direct negotiations with landowners that led to the more widespread use of yanocanaje in this region. An

illuminating, carefully constructed study of the plantation records of Hacienda Palto first made available during the agrarian reform

campaign of the Velasco government in the early 1970s. Succeeds in placing this case study in the broader context of subaltern studies in an international setting. Strongly recommended"--Handbook of Latin American Studies, v. 58.