

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910813405303321
Autore	Peloso Vincent C
Titolo	Peasants on plantations : subaltern strategies of labor and resistance in the Pisco Valley, Peru / / Vincent C. Peloso
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Durham, NC : , : Duke University Press, , 1999
ISBN	0-8223-2246-3 0-8223-9747-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (277 p.)
Collana	Latin America otherwise
Disciplina	306.3/49
Soggetti	Cotton plantation workers - Peru - Pisco River Valley - History Peasants - Peru - Pisco River Valley - History Cotton trade - Peru - Pisco River Valley - Personnel management - History Industrial relations - Peru - Pisco River Valley - History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages 215-245) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- CONTENTS -- List of Maps, Tables, and Figures -- Preface -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction: Peasants, Plantations, and Resistance -- 1: Planters, Managers, and Consent -- 2: Indenture, Wages, and Dominance -- 3: Stagnation, Recovery, and Peasant Opportunities -- 4: Plantation Growth and Peasant Choices -- 5: Yanaconas, Mechanization, and Migrant Labor -- 6: Yanaconas, Migrants, and Political Consciousness -- Conclusion: Plantation Society and Peruvian Culture -- Notes -- Glossary -- Bibliography -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	"Superb case study of plantation labor after the abolition of slavery examines the Hacienda San Francisco Solano de Palto in the Pisco Valley. According to the author, peasants involved in cotton production did not submit to the usually assumed forms of domination and exploitation. Rather, they adopted a variety of strategies including long-term labor contracts and direct negotiations with landowners that led to the more widespread use of yanocanaje in this region. An illuminating, carefully constructed study of the plantation records of Hacienda Palto first made available during the agrarian reform campaign of the Velasco government in the early 1970s. Succeeds in

placing this case study in the broader context of subaltern studies in an international setting. Strongly recommended"--Handbook of Latin American Studies, v. 58.
