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| Nota di contenuto       | CONTENTS; Foreword; Acknowledgments; About the Editors and Contributors; Abbreviations; Overview; 1 Beyond Market Access; 2 Landscape; 3 Economics; 4 North-South Preferential Trade Agreements; 5 Customs Unions; 6 Preferential Trade Agreements and Multilateral Liberalization; 7 Agriculture; 8 Preferential Rules of Origin; 9 Trade Remedy Provisions; 10 Product Standards; 11 TBT and SPS Measures, in Practice; 12 Services; 13 Labor Mobility; 14 Investment; 15 Trade Facilitation; 16 Competition Policy; 17 Government Procurement; 18 Intellectual Property Rights; 19 Environment; 20 Labor Rights 21 Human Rights22 Dispute Settlement; Index; Boxes; Figures; Tables |
| Sommario/riassunto      | Economists have repeatedly warned against them, NGOs have fought them, and some governments have begrudgingly (at least in appearance) signed them. Yet, in the last twenty years the growth in number of preferential trade agreements (PTAs) has been unabated. Even more strikingly, their scope has broadened while their number was increasing. Deep integration provisions in PTAs have now become ubiquitous. Gaining market access or preserving existing preferences has remained an important motivation for acceding to PTAs. But with  |

the liberalization of trade around the world and the related diminishing size

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